

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

Form 10-K

**ANNUAL REPORT UNDER SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005

**TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OF 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from to

Commission File Number: 0-22613

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.

(Name of small business issuer in its charter)

Oregon

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation
or organization)

93-0797222

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

One SW Columbia Street, Suite 1105, Portland, Oregon

(Address of principal executive offices)

97258

(Zip Code)

Issuer's telephone number, including area code: **503-227-0554**

Securities registered under Section 12(b) of the Exchange Act: **None**

Securities registered under Section 12(g) of the Exchange Act:

Common Stock with \$.0001 par value

(Title of Class)

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933.

Yes No .

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Yes No .

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of Registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of "accelerated filer and large accelerated filer" in Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (Check one):

Large accelerated filer Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer .

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2). Yes No .

The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant (based on the closing sale price of the Common Stock as reported on the Nasdaq Stock Market on March 14, 2006) was approximately \$345,373,053 as of March 14, 2006. This determination of affiliate status is not necessarily a conclusive determination for other purposes. The number of outstanding shares of the Registrant's Common Stock as of the close of business on March 14, 2006 was 52,432,951.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

The issuer has incorporated into Part III of Form 10-K, by reference, portions of its Proxy Statement for its 2006 annual meeting.

PART I

Item 1.	Description of Business
Item 1A.	Risk Factors
Item 1B.	Unresolved SEC Comments
Item 2.	Description of Property
Item 3.	Legal Proceedings
Item 4.	Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

PART II

Item 5.	Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters
Item 6.	Selected Financial Data
Item 7.	Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation
Item 7A.	Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk
Item 8.	Financial Statements
Item 9.	Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure
Item 9A.	Controls and Procedures

PART III

Item 10.	Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant
Item 11.	Executive Compensation
Item 12.	Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management
Item 13.	Certain Relationships and Related Transactions
Item 14.	Principal Accountant Fees and Services
Item 15.	Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K
	Signatures

PART I

Item 1. Description of Business

General Overview

We are a biopharmaceutical company developing therapeutic products principally based on third-generation NEUGENE® antisense technology. Our principal products in development target life-threatening diseases, including cardiovascular disease and infectious disease. Currently approved drugs or other therapies for these diseases often prove to be ineffective or produce undesirable side effects. Our pre-clinical and clinical studies indicate that our technology may produce drugs that we believe offer more effective treatment options with fewer side effects than currently approved products. A patent estate including 172 patents (foreign and domestic) issued or licensed to us and 151 pending patent applications (domestic and foreign) protects our technologies. Our lead product candidate, Resten-NG®, targets a market we believe may exceed \$3 billion worldwide.

We have developed third-generation antisense technology that we believe produces drugs that may be more stable, specific, efficacious, and cost effective than other gene-targeting technologies, including second-generation antisense, ribozyme, and siRNA compounds. In eleven clinical trials involving over 300 subjects, we have not observed any drug-related serious adverse events. NEUGENE drugs are synthetic polymers that block the function of selected genetic sequences involved in disease processes. Targeting specific genetic sequences provides for greater selectivity than that available through conventional drugs. NEUGENE drugs have the potential to provide safe and effective treatment for a wide range of human diseases. NEUGENE drugs are distinguished by a novel backbone chemistry that replaces the modified backbones of competing technologies with a synthetic backbone that has been designed to improve pharmaceutical parameters.

We have completed pre-clinical and some clinical studies using our NEUGENE drugs in the treatment of cardiovascular disease, infectious disease, cancer and polycystic kidney disease (PKD), and in regulating drug metabolism. We filed our first antisense Investigational New Drug application (IND) with the FDA for Resten-NG for cardiovascular restenosis in 1999 and have completed a Phase I and a Phase II clinical trial. We have completed four Phase I trials in our drug metabolism program and two Phase Ib trials in our cancer and polycystic kidney disease programs. We filed an IND and conducted a Phase Ib trial in 2003 for our NEUGENE antisense drug for West Nile virus infection. We filed an IND and are currently conducting an exploratory clinical trial (Phase I/II) for Hepatitis C virus infection. We are also in preclinical development for influenza A, including avian influenza.

This annual report includes our trademarks and registered trademarks, including NEUGENE, AVICINE, Resten-NG and Oncomyc-NG. Each other trademark, trade name or service mark appearing in this annual report belongs to its holder.

Clinical Development Program

Our therapeutic products are based on NEUGENE antisense technology with initial applications in cardiovascular disease, infectious disease, and cancer. We currently have products at various stages of clinical development as summarized below. We will not have marketable products unless and until our drug candidates complete all required clinical trials and receive FDA approval in the United States or approval by regulatory agencies outside of the United States.

Product Candidate	Type	Pre-Clinical	Phase I/Ib	Phase II	Phase III
Cardiovascular Disease					
Restenosis: Resten-NG	NEUGENE Drug	Completed	Completed	Completed	Planned *
Restenosis: Resten-MP microparticles	NEUGENE Drug	Completed	Completed	In-progress	
CABG: AVI-5126	NEUGENE Drug	In-progress	Planned	Planned	
Infectious Disease (Viral targets)					
Hepatitis C: AVI-4065	NEUGENE Drug	Completed	In-progress	In-progress	
West Nile: AVI-4020	NEUGENE Drug	Completed	Completed	In-progress	
Influenza A/Avian	NEUGENE Drug	In-progress	Planned		
SARS: AVI-4179	NEUGENE Drug	Completed			
Ebola Zaire	NEUGENE Drug	In-progress	Planned		
Cancer					
Cancer: Oncomyc-NG™: AVI-4126	NEUGENE Drug	Completed	Completed		
Drug Metabolism					
Cytochrome P450: AVI-4557	NEUGENE Drug	Completed	Completed		
Genetic Disorders					
PKD: AVI-4126	NEUGENE Drug	Completed	Completed		

*In this table, "Planned" refers to trials that are being designed although a protocol may not yet be complete; "In-progress" refers to studies or trials that have actively begun but are not yet complete; and "Completed" refers to studies in which the clinical trial or study has ended, the data have substantially been collected and validated, and a full study report is either in progress or complete.

Costs for a clinical trial typically range between \$300,000 and \$500,000 for a Phase I trial, between \$500,000 and \$4 million for a Phase II trial and could range between \$5 million and \$50 million for a Phase III trial. Because the scope, timing and issues encountered in each trial vary, we cannot predict the exact costs associated with a particular trial in advance. For the same reasons, we cannot predict the nature, timing and costs of future studies or trials for a product, how a product will proceed toward and through Phase III clinical trials and, if Phase III clinical trials are successful, when and if FDA approval will be sought and received.

Cardiovascular Disease Program. Resten-NG is a NEUGENE antisense drug for treating cardiovascular restenosis, or the re-narrowing of a coronary artery following angioplasty. Resten-NG targets a key regulatory gene involved in the disease process. We believe that by blocking the action of this gene, vessel wall re-narrowing will be reduced or eliminated. At the September 2003 Transcatheter Cardiovascular Therapeutics conference, we announced interim Phase II clinical trial data showing that Resten-NG delivered via catheter during balloon angioplasty procedures resulted in an approximate 75% reduction in the restenosis

rate. At the April 2003 American College of Cardiology meeting, results from two independent studies were presented that additionally demonstrate the potential of treating cardiovascular restenosis by delivering Resten-NG systemically using our proprietary microparticle delivery technology, possibly lessening the need for, or as an adjunct to, drug eluting stents. We have initiated a Phase II clinical trial with Resten-NG coupled with our microparticle delivery technology at three clinical centers in Germany. We are planning a pivotal trial to be initiated in Europe for Resten-NG delivered on a stent platform to meet the regulatory requirements for a CE Mark, constituting marketing approval for the European Union.

Infectious Disease Program. Our infectious disease program is currently focusing on single-stranded RNA viruses using our proprietary NEUGENE antisense compounds targeting West Nile virus, Hepatitis C virus, Influenza A virus, Dengue virus, the SARS coronavirus, and Ebola virus, and also targeting many of the viruses included on the Department of Homeland Security list of bioterrorism viruses. In June 2003, we filed an IND with the FDA for our West Nile NEUGENE drug candidate, AVI-4020. Our NEUGENE drug candidate AVI-4179, designed to combat the SARS coronavirus, has been evaluated at an independent laboratory and found to be efficacious in pre-clinical studies. Due to unpredictable future demand for drugs targeting West Nile virus and the SARS coronavirus, our efforts toward commercialization in viral diseases will initially focus on Hepatitis C virus and Influenza A viruses, including avian influenza (H5N1). We filed an IND for Hepatitis C virus in September 2005 and are currently conducting exploratory Phase I/II clinical studies. We plan to file an IND for Influenza A virus infection in 2006.

Cancer Program. We have completed a Phase Ib clinical trial with our NEUGENE drug candidate AVI-4126, which demonstrated the systemic delivery into solid tumor tissues for both breast and prostate cancer patients. AVI-4126 targets the oncogene c-myc. Over-expression of c-myc has been described in many

types of cancers. In January 2003, we were awarded a \$250,000 grant from the National Cancer Institute to target prostate cancer. We are pursuing strategic relationships with pharmaceutical co-development partners.

Drug Metabolism Program. We have successfully completed clinical trials demonstrating that our NEUGENE antisense drug improved the pharmacokinetic profile of two different test drugs by down-regulating the liver enzyme that is critical to the body's processing of many drugs. Two clinical studies completed in late 2002 showed that AVI-4557 down-regulated cytochrome P450 3a4, which resulted in an improved pharmacokinetic profile of the test drugs. In 2003, we completed an oral dosing study with this agent to evaluate this route of administration for our antisense compounds. We are pursuing strategic relationships with pharmaceutical co-development partners.

Polycystic Kidney Disease Program. We completed a Phase Ib clinical trial in 2002 to evaluate the safety and pharmacokinetics of three doses of AVI-4126 in adult patients with polycystic kidney disease and with varying degrees of compromised kidney function. Results of the study showed an excellent safety profile and no adverse effect on kidney function. We are pursuing public or private sponsorship for any future clinical trials in this area.

Business Strategy

Our strategy is to:

- focus on near-term opportunities in cardiovascular and viral disease areas;
- select gene targets with broad or multiple disease applications;

3

- manage drug discovery, pre-clinical and early to mid-stage clinical development in-house; and
- initially co-develop or license products with or to strategic partners generally during or after completion of Phase II clinical trials to enhance value and share the costs of late stage clinical trials and commercialization.

Collaborative Agreements

We believe that our NEUGENE technology is broadly applicable for the potential development of pharmaceutical products in many therapeutic areas. To exploit this core technology as fully as possible, we expect to enter into collaborative development agreements with pharmaceutical companies for specific molecular targets for our NEUGENE antisense technology. We anticipate that the NEUGENE antisense collaborative research agreements may provide us with some funding for internal programs aimed at discovering and developing antisense compounds to inhibit the production of additional molecular targets. Partners in antisense may be granted options to obtain licenses to co-develop and to market drug candidates resulting from their collaborative research programs. We intend to retain manufacturing rights to our antisense products. There can be no assurance, however, that we will be able to enter into collaborative research agreements with pharmaceutical companies on terms and conditions satisfactory to us. The agreements described in this "Collaborative Agreements" section are generally only cancelable for nonperformance, including failure to make any payments and, in some cases, failure to commercially exploit the technology. There is no assurance the proposed products will be successfully developed under these collaborative arrangements or we will receive any of the potential payments noted herein.

We plan to market the initial products for which we obtain regulatory approval, through co-development and marketing arrangements with strategic partners or other licensing arrangements with larger pharmaceutical companies. Implementation of this strategy will depend on many factors, including the market potential of any products we develop and our financial resources. We do not expect to establish a direct sales capability for therapeutic compounds for at least the next several years. The timing of our entry into marketing arrangements or other licensing arrangements will depend on successful product development and regulatory approval within the regulatory framework established by the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act. Although the implementation of initial aspects of our marketing strategy may be undertaken before this process is completed, the development and approval process typically is not completed in less than three to five years after the filing of an IND application and our marketing strategy therefore may not be implemented for several years.

Exelixis Agreement

In April 2001, we entered into an alliance with Exelixis Inc. ("Exelixis") for functional genomics and antisense drug development. Under the terms of the agreement, Exelixis will apply its expertise in genetic model systems to discover, validate and screen novel targets suitable for inhibition by antisense therapeutics. We will design and synthesize NEUGENE morpholinos (PMOs) for use as drugs and conduct preclinical and clinical studies on antisense drug candidates arising from the collaboration. The collaborative research project and our obligations to supply PMOs to Exelixis under the agreement expires April 30, 2006. Except as noted, we and Exelixis will jointly own, and Exelixis has an option to co-develop with us, certain antisense products that arise from the alliance.

4

In the event we and Exelixis co-fund the development of any antisense therapeutic and/or commercialization of any product, the parties will jointly have a worldwide, co-exclusive license and will equally share profits with respect to any such co-funded product in lieu of royalties. Product is defined by our agreement with Exelixis as any human therapeutic or prophylactic product which received regulatory approval that contains or comprises our antisense therapeutic.

Under our agreement with Exelixis, an "Exelixis Product" is defined as, and is deemed to exist when we decide to terminate the development of a co-funded antisense therapeutic and/or commercialization of a particular co-funded product that is being co-funded by Exelixis, and Exelixis assumes the costs and obligations of the continued development of the co-funded antisense therapeutic and/or commercialization of such co-funded product. Similarly, an "AVI Product" is one that is developed by us and not co-funded by Exelixis.

Generally, a 3% or 5% royalty on net sales is payable by the developing party on products covered by the agreement that are not jointly developed. Generally, a party's right to receive royalties expires on a country-by-country basis upon the later of (i) 12 years from the first commercial sale of such product in that country; or (ii) expiration of the last to expire Exelixis patent or AVI patent in such country claiming the antisense therapeutic in such AVI Product or the manufacture, use or sale of such product.

Manufacturing

We believe we have developed proprietary manufacturing techniques that will allow large-scale synthesis and purification of NEUGENES. Because our NEUGENE compounds are based upon a well established backbone chemistry, we believe that NEUGENE synthesis will be more cost-effective than competing technologies. We have established a Good Manufacturing Practices, or GMP, manufacturing facility at our Corvallis, Oregon facility. Our GMP facility should provide sufficient manufacturing capacity to continue to meet our early stage clinical trial requirements for the foreseeable future and allow us to produce products incorporating our technology. Our GMP facility is subject to FDA inspection and regulation.

We currently intend to retain manufacturing rights for all products incorporating our patented antisense technology, whether sold directly by us or through collaborative agreements with industry partners.

In March 1993, we moved to our present laboratory facilities and we have expanded our facilities several times. This facility and the laboratory procedures followed by us have not been formally inspected by the FDA and will have to be approved as products move from the research phase through the clinical testing phase and into commercialization. See "Drug Approval Process and Other Governmental Regulations."

Marketing Strategy

We plan to market initial products, when developed, and for which we obtain regulatory approval, through marketing arrangements or other licensing arrangements with pharmaceutical companies. Implementation of this strategy will depend on many factors, including the market potential of any products we develop, and our financial resources. We do not expect to establish a direct sales capability for therapeutic compounds for at least the next several years. To market products that will serve a large, geographically diverse patient population, we expect to enter into licensing, distribution, or partnering agreements with pharmaceutical companies that have large, established sales organizations. The timing of our entry into marketing arrangements or other licensing arrangements with large pharmaceutical companies will depend on successful product development and regulatory

approval within the regulatory framework established by the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetics Act, as amended, and regulations promulgated thereunder. Although the implementation of initial aspects of our marketing strategy may be undertaken before this process is completed, the development and approval process typically is not completed in less than three to five years after the filing of an IND application and our marketing strategy therefore may not be implemented for several years. See "Drug Approval Process and Other Governmental Regulation."

Patents and Proprietary Rights

We have developed or acquired a comprehensive body of intellectual rights. The proprietary nature of, and protection for, our product candidates, processes and know-how are important to our business. We plan to prosecute and aggressively defend our patents and proprietary technology. Our policy is to patent the technology, inventions, and improvements that are considered important to the development of our business and that are patentable. We also depend upon trade secrets, know-how, and continuing technological innovation to develop and maintain our competitive position.

A patent estate including 172 patents (domestic and foreign) issued or licensed to us, and 151 pending patent applications (domestic and foreign) protects our technologies. We intend to protect our proprietary technology with additional filings as appropriate. Some of our patents on core technologies expire as early as 2008, including for NEUGENES; however, based on patented improvements and additional support to such core patents, we believe our patent protection for those products and other products will extend beyond 2020.

We have also acquired certain product/technology licenses from The Ohio State University and Dr. Vernon Stevens. These licenses include exclusive royalty-bearing licenses covering the composition, manufacturing and use of AVICINE in all fields of use, including treating and preventing cancer, with the exception of fertility regulation. Our proprietary rights also include the unrestricted use of vaccine technology for non-hormonal cancer applications. We enjoy the right to commercialize any new intellectual property relating to our licensed subject matter, including access to and use of all new experimental data resulting from Dr. Stevens' research. Our licenses have been granted for a period of 30 years or 10 years from the expiration of the last issued patent, whichever comes later. Under these licensing agreements, we have the right to sublicense our products and technology throughout the world. For such rights, we are obligated to pay the licensors minimum annual royalties of \$55,000. Subject to such minimums, the royalties are 5% of net sales of products from licensed technology in the United States and Canada; 2% of net sales in countries of the "European Economic Community"; and 25% of any royalties received by us for sublicenses in the United States, the "European Economic Community" or in Korea, subject to certain maximums.

We have licensed certain technology from the Public Health Service (and others) to supplement and support certain of our core technology. We have certain obligations and minimum royalties under those agreements, which costs are not deemed material to our business.

There can be no assurance that any patents we apply for will be granted or that patents held by us will be valid or sufficiently broad to protect our technology or provide a significant competitive advantage. Additionally, we cannot provide assurance that practice of our patents or proprietary technology will not infringe third-party patents.

Drug Approval Process and Other Government Regulation

The system of reviewing and approving drugs in the United States is considered the most rigorous in the world. Costs to bring a single product from research through market approval and launch into commerce range from \$800 million (Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers Association) to \$1.7 billion in

2000 through 2002 (FDA), with the timing to do so typically ranging between 10 and 15 years. The Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers Association estimates that of every 5,000 medicines tested, on average, only five are tested in clinical trials, and only 1 of those is approved for human use.

Drug Discovery

In the initial stages of drug discovery before a compound reaches the laboratory, tens of thousands of potential compounds are randomly screened for activity against an assay assumed to be predictive for particular disease targets. This drug discovery process can take several years. Once a company locates a screening lead, or starting point for drug development, isolation and structural determination may begin. The development process results in numerous chemical modifications to the screening lead in an attempt to improve its drug properties. After a compound emerges from the above process, the next steps are to conduct further preliminary studies on the mechanism of action, further in vitro (test tube) screening against particular disease targets and, finally, some in vivo (animal) screening. If the compound passes these barriers, the toxic effects of the compound are analyzed by performing preliminary exploratory animal toxicology. If the results are positive, the compound emerges from the basic research mode and moves into the pre-clinical phase.

Preclinical Testing

During the pre-clinical testing stage, laboratory and animal studies are conducted to show biological activity of the compound against the targeted disease, and the compound is evaluated for safety. These tests typically take approximately three and one-half years to complete.

Investigational New Drug Application

During the pre-clinical testing, an IND is filed with the FDA to begin human testing of the drug. The IND becomes effective if not rejected by the FDA within 30 days. The IND must indicate the results of previous experiments, how, where and by whom the new studies will be conducted, the chemical structure of the compound, the method by which it is believed to work in the human body, any toxic effects of the compound found in the animal studies and how the compound is manufactured. In addition, an Institutional Review Board, comprised of physicians at the hospital or clinic where the proposed studies will be conducted, must review and approve the IND. Progress reports detailing the results of the clinical trials must be submitted at least annually to the FDA.

Phase I Clinical Trials

After an IND becomes effective, Phase I human clinical trials may begin. These tests, involving usually between 20 and 80 patients or healthy volunteers, typically take approximately one year to complete and cost between \$300,000 and \$500,000 per trial. The Phase I clinical studies also determine how a drug is absorbed, distributed, metabolized and excreted by the body, and the duration of its action. Phase I trials are not normally conducted for anticancer product candidates. A Phase Ib study involves patients with the targeted disease and is focused on safety.

Phase II Clinical Trials

In Phase II clinical trials, controlled studies are conducted on approximately 100 to 300 volunteer patients with the targeted disease. The preliminary purpose of these tests is to evaluate the effectiveness of the drug on the volunteer patients as well as to determine if there are any side effects. These studies generally take approximately two years and cost between \$500,000 and \$4 million per trial, and may be conducted concurrently with Phase I clinical trials. In addition, Phase I/II clinical trials may be conducted to evaluate not only the efficacy of the drug on the patient population, but also its safety.

Phase III Clinical Trials

This phase typically lasts about three years, usually involves 1,000 to 3,000 patients and cost between \$5 million and \$50 million per trial. During the Phase III clinical trials, physicians monitor the patients to determine efficacy and to observe and report any reactions that may result from long-term use of the drug.

New Drug Application

After the completion of the requisite three phases of clinical trials, if the data indicate that the drug has an acceptable benefit to risk assessment and it is found to be safe and effective, a New Drug Application (NDA) is filed with the FDA. The requirements for submitting an NDA are defined by and in conjunction with the FDA. These applications are comprehensive, including all information obtained from each clinical trial as well as all data pertaining to the manufacturing and testing of the product. With the implementation of the Prescription Drug Users Fee Act (PDUFA), review fees are provided at the time of NDA filing. For FY 2006, each NDA with clinical data must be accompanied by a \$767,400 review fee. If the NDA is assessed as unacceptable in the initial 30 day review, it is returned to the submitter, with 50% of the fee. The FDA reported the estimate median review time for a New Molecular Entity (NME) was estimated to be 13.8 months, however, a priority review of a NME can and has been approved in as little as six months.

Marketing Approval

If the FDA approves the NDA, the drug becomes available for physicians to prescribe. Periodic reports must be submitted to the FDA, including descriptions of any adverse reactions reported. The FDA may request additional studies (Phase IV) to evaluate long-term effects.

Phase IV Clinical Trials and Post Marketing Studies

In addition to studies requested by the FDA after approval, these trials and studies are conducted to explore new indications. The purpose of these trials and studies and related publications is to broaden the application and use of the drug and its acceptance in the medical community.

Competition

Several companies are pursuing the development of antisense technology, including Eli Lilly, Merck, Genta Incorporated, and ISIS Pharmaceuticals. All of these companies have products in development stages, and, in some cases, are in human trials with antisense compounds generally similar to our NEUGENE compounds.

While we believe that none of these companies is likely to introduce an additional antisense compound into the broad commercial market in the immediate future, many pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies, including most of those listed above, have financial and

technical resources greater than those currently available to us and have more established collaborative relationships with industry partners than we do.

In 2004, both Isis and Genta received significant negative press when antisense drugs of each company failed to meet primary endpoints in Phase III clinical trials in certain cancer applications. Because the underlying chemistry of our antisense is fundamentally different and distinct from the antisense chemistries of either Isis or Genta, we believe that none of the clinical experiences of either company are predictive of how an AVI NEUGENE antisense compound may fare in similar, or different, clinical trial settings. We believe that the combination of pharmaceutical properties of our NEUGENE compounds for restenosis, cancer, and drug metabolism affords us competitive advantages when compared with the antisense compounds of competitors.

We can also expect to compete with other companies exploiting alternative technologies that address the same therapeutic needs as do our technologies. The biopharmaceutical market is subject to rapid technological change, and it can be expected that competing technologies will emerge and will present a competitive challenge to us.

Research and Development

The Company expensed \$17,117,750, \$20,738,725 and \$15,284,396 on research and development activities during the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Research and development (R&D) expenses include related salaries, contractor fees, materials, utilities and allocations of corporate costs. R&D expenses consist of independent R&D costs and costs associated with collaborative development arrangements. In addition, the Company funded R&D at other companies and research institutions under agreements. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

Employees

As of December 31, 2005, we had 123 employees, 23 of whom hold advanced degrees. One hundred-five employees are engaged directly in research and development activities, and eighteen are in administration. As of December 31, 2004, we had 112 employees, 22 of whom hold advanced degrees. Ninety-nine employees are engaged directly in research and development activities, and thirteen are in administration. None of our employees are covered by collective bargaining agreements, and we consider relations with our employees to be good.

Where You Can Find Additional Information

We are a reporting company and file annual, quarterly and current reports, proxy statements and other information with the SEC. For further information with respect to us, you may read and copy our reports, proxy statements and other information, at the SEC's public reference rooms at Room 1024, 450 Fifth Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20549, as well as at the SEC's regional offices at 500 West Madison Street, Suite 1400, Chicago, IL 60661 and at 233 Broadway, New York, NY 10279. You can request copies of these documents by writing to the SEC and paying a fee for the copying cost. Please call the SEC at 1-800-SEC-0330 for more information about the operation of the public reference rooms. Our SEC filings are also available at the SEC's web site at "<http://www.sec.gov>." In addition, you can read and copy our SEC filings at the office of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. at 1735 K Street, N.W., Washington, D.C. 20006.

Copies of our Annual Report on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to

Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as well as our corporate governance guideline, outline of directorship qualifications, code of business conduct and the charter of our audit committee, compensation committee, and nominations committee are all available on our website (www.avibio.com) or by sending a request for a paper copy to: AVI BioPharma, Inc., One S.W. Columbia Ave., Suite 1105, Portland, Oregon 97258, attn. Investor Relations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Risks Affecting Future Operating Results

The following factors should be considered in evaluating our outlook. If the possibilities described as risks below actually occur, our operating results and financial condition would likely suffer and the trading price of our common stock may fall, causing a loss of some or all of an investment in our common stock.

Our products are in an early stage of research and development and may not be determined to be safe or effective.

We are only in the early stages of research and clinical development with respect to our NEUGENE antisense pharmaceutical products. We have devoted almost all of our time to research and development of our technology and products, protecting our proprietary rights and establishing strategic alliances. Our potential products are in the pre-clinical or clinical stages of research and development and will require significant further research, development, clinical testing and regulatory clearances. We have no products available for sale and we do not expect to have any products available for sale for several years. Our proposed products are subject to development risks. These risks include the possibilities that any of the products could be found to be ineffective or toxic, or could fail to receive necessary regulatory clearances. We have not received any significant revenues from the sale of products and we may not successfully

develop marketable products that will increase sales and, given adequate margins, make us profitable. Third parties may develop superior or equivalent, but less expensive, products.

We have incurred net losses since our inception and we may not achieve or sustain profitability.

We incurred a net loss of \$24.8 million in 2004 and \$16.7 million in 2005. As of December 31, 2005, our accumulated deficit was \$173.0 million. Our losses have resulted principally from expenses incurred in research and development of our technology and products and from selling, general and administrative expenses that we have incurred while building our business infrastructure. We expect to continue to incur significant operating losses in the future as we continue our research and development efforts and seek to obtain regulatory approval of our products. Our ability to achieve profitability depends on our ability to raise additional capital, complete development of our products, obtain regulatory approvals and market our products. It is uncertain when, if ever, we will become profitable.

If we fail to attract significant additional capital, we may be unable to continue to successfully develop our products.

Since we began operations, we have obtained operating funds primarily by selling shares of our common stock. Based on our current plans, we believe that current cash balances will be sufficient to meet our operating needs for the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the actual amount of funds that we will need will be determined by many factors, some of which are beyond our control. These factors include the success of our research and development efforts, the status of our pre-clinical and clinical testing, costs relating to securing regulatory approvals and the costs and timing of obtaining new patent rights, regulatory changes, competition and technological developments in the market. We may need funds sooner than currently anticipated.

If necessary, potential sources of additional funding could include strategic relationships, public or private sales of shares of our common stock or debt or other arrangements. We

may not be able to obtain additional funding when we need it on terms that will be acceptable to us or at all. If we raise funds by selling additional shares of our common stock or securities convertible into our common stock, the ownership interest of our existing shareholders will be diluted. If we are unable to obtain financing when needed, our business and future prospects would be materially adversely affected.

If we fail to receive necessary regulatory approvals, we will be unable to commercialize our products.

All of our products are subject to extensive regulation by the United States Food and Drug Administration, or FDA, and by comparable agencies in other countries. The FDA and these agencies require new pharmaceutical products to undergo lengthy and detailed clinical testing procedures and other costly and time-consuming compliance procedures. We do not know when or if we will be able to submit our products for regulatory review. Even if we submit a new drug application, there may be delays in obtaining regulatory approvals, if we obtain them at all. Sales of our products outside the United States will also be subject to regulatory requirements governing clinical trials and product approval. These requirements vary from country to country and could delay introduction of our products in those countries. We cannot assure you that any of our products will receive marketing approval from the FDA or comparable foreign agencies.

We may fail to compete effectively, particularly against larger, more established pharmaceutical companies, causing our business to suffer.

The biotechnology industry is highly competitive. We compete with companies in the United States and abroad that are engaged in the development of pharmaceutical technologies and products. They include biotechnology, pharmaceutical, chemical and other companies; academic and scientific institutions; governmental agencies; and public and private research organizations.

The financial and technical resources and production and marketing capabilities of many of these entities, some of which are our competitors, exceed our resources and capabilities. Our industry is characterized by extensive research and development and rapid technological progress. Competitors may successfully develop and market superior or less expensive products which render our products less valuable or unmarketable.

We have limited operating experience.

We have engaged solely in the research and development of pharmaceutical technology. Although some members of our management team have experience in biotechnology company operations, we have limited experience in manufacturing or selling pharmaceutical products. We also have only limited experience in negotiating and maintaining strategic relationships and in conducting clinical trials and other later-stage phases of the regulatory approval process. We may not successfully engage in some or all of these activities.

We have limited manufacturing capability.

While we believe that we can produce materials for clinical trials and produce products for human use at our recently completed GMP manufacturing facility, we may need to expand our commercial manufacturing capabilities for products in the future if we elect not to or cannot contract with others to manufacture our products. This expansion may occur in stages, each of which would require regulatory approval, and product demand could at times exceed supply capacity. We have not selected a site for any expanded facilities and do not know what the construction cost will be for such facilities and whether we will have the

financing needed for such construction. We do not know if or when the FDA will determine that such facilities comply with Good Manufacturing Practices. The projected location and construction of any facilities will depend on regulatory approvals, product development, pharmaceutical partners and capital resources, among other factors. We have not obtained regulatory approvals for any production facilities for our products, nor can we assure investors that we will be able to do so.

If we lose key personnel or are unable to attract and retain additional, highly skilled personnel required for our activities, our business will suffer.

Our success will depend to a large extent on the abilities and continued service of several key employees, including Drs. Denis Burger, Patrick Iversen, and Dwight Weller. We maintain key man life insurance in the amount of \$1,000,000 for Dr. Burger and \$500,000 for each of Drs. Iversen and Weller. The loss of any of these key employees could significantly delay the achievement of our goals. Competition for qualified personnel in our industry is intense, and our success will depend on our ability to attract and retain highly skilled personnel. To date, we have been successful in attracting and retaining key personnel. We are not aware of any key personnel who plan to retire or otherwise leave the Company in the near future.

Asserting, defending and maintaining our intellectual property rights could be difficult and costly, and our failure to do so will harm our ability to compete and the results of our operations.

Our success will depend on our existing patents and licenses and our ability to obtain additional patents in the future. A patent estate including 172 patents (domestic and foreign) issued or licensed to us, and 151 pending patent applications (domestic and foreign) protects our technologies. We license the composition, manufacturing and use of AVICINE in all fields, except fertility regulation, from The Ohio State University. We license other patents for certain complementary technologies from others.

Some of our patents on core technologies expire as early as 2008, including for NEUGENES. Based on patented improvements and additions to such core patents, however, we believe our patent protection for those products and other products extend beyond 2020.

We cannot assure you that our pending patent applications will result in patents being issued in the United States or foreign countries. In addition, the patents which have been or will be issued may not afford meaningful protection for our technology and products. Competitors may develop products similar to ours which do not conflict with our patents. Others may challenge our patents and, as a result, our patents could be narrowed or invalidated. The patent position of biotechnology firms generally is highly uncertain, involves complex legal and factual questions, and has recently been the subject of much litigation. No consistent policy has emerged from the United States Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO), or the courts regarding the breadth of claims allowed or the degree of protection afforded under biotechnology patents. In addition, there is a substantial backlog of biotechnology patent applications at the USPTO and the approval or rejection of patents may take several years.

Our success will also depend partly on our ability to operate without infringing upon the proprietary rights of others, as well as our ability to prevent others from infringing on our proprietary rights. We may be required at times to take legal action to protect our proprietary rights and, despite our best efforts, we may be sued for infringing on the patent rights of others. We have not received any communications or other indications from owners of related patents or others that such persons believe our products or technology may infringe their patents. Patent litigation is costly and, even if we prevail, the cost of such litigation

13

could adversely affect our financial condition. If we do not prevail, in addition to any damages we might have to pay, we could be required to stop the infringing activity or obtain a license. Any required license may not be available to us on acceptable terms, or at all. If we fail to obtain a license, our business might be materially adversely affected.

To help protect our proprietary rights in unpatented trade secrets, we require our employees, consultants and advisors to execute confidentiality agreements. However, such agreements may not provide us with adequate protection if confidential information is used or disclosed improperly. In addition, in some situations, these agreements may conflict with, or be subject to, the rights of third parties with whom our employees, consultants or advisors have prior employment or consulting relationships. Further, others may independently develop substantially equivalent proprietary information and techniques, or otherwise gain access to our trade secrets.

If our strategic relationships are unsuccessful, our business could be harmed.

Our strategic relationship with Exelixis and others are important to our success. The development, improvement and marketing of many of our key therapeutic products are or will be dependent on the efforts of our strategic partners. The transactions contemplated by our agreements with strategic partners, including the equity purchases and cash payments, are subject to numerous risks and conditions. The occurrence of any of these events could severely harm our business.

Our near-term strategy is to co-develop products with strategic partners or to license the marketing rights for our products to pharmaceutical partners after we complete one or more Phase II clinical trials. In this manner, the extensive costs associated with late-stage clinical development and marketing will be shared with, or the responsibility of, our strategic partners.

To fully realize the potential of our products, including development, production and marketing, we may need to establish other strategic relationships.

We may be subject to product liability lawsuits and our insurance may not be adequate to cover damages.

We believe we carry adequate insurance for the product development research we currently conduct. In the future, when we have products available for commercial sale and use, the use of our products will expose us to the risk of product liability claims. Although we intend to obtain product liability insurance coverage, product liability insurance may not continue to be available to us on acceptable terms and our coverage may not be sufficient to cover all claims against us. A product liability claim, even one without merit or for which we have substantial coverage, could result in significant legal defense costs, thereby increasing our expenses, lowering our earnings and, depending on revenues, potentially resulting in additional losses.

Continuing efforts of government and third party payers to contain or reduce the costs of health care may adversely affect our revenues and future profitability.

In addition to obtaining regulatory approval, the successful commercialization of our products will depend on the ability to obtain reimbursement for the cost of the product and treatment from the consumers of or third-party payors for such products. Government authorities, private health insurers and other organizations, such as health maintenance organizations are increasingly challenging the prices charged for medical products and services. Also, the trend toward managed health care in the United States, the growth of healthcare

14

organizations such as HMOs, and legislative proposals to reform healthcare and government insurance programs could significantly influence the purchase of healthcare services and products, resulting in lower prices and reducing demand for our products. The cost containment measures that healthcare providers are instituting and any healthcare reform could affect our or our marketing partner's ability to sell our products and may have a material adverse effect on our financial results from operations. Reimbursement in the United States or foreign countries may not be available for any of our products, any reimbursement granted may be reduced or discontinued, and limits on reimbursement available from third-party payors may reduce the demand for, or the price of, our products. The lack or inadequacy of third-party reimbursements for our products would have a material adverse effect on our operations. Additional legislation or regulation relating to the healthcare industry or third-party coverage and reimbursement may be enacted in the future that adversely affects our products and our business.

If we fail to establish strategic relationships with larger pharmaceutical partners, our business may suffer.

We do not intend to conduct late-stage (Phase III) human clinical trials ourselves. We anticipate entering into relationships with larger pharmaceutical companies to conduct these and later pharmaceutical trials and to market our products. We also plan to continue to use contract manufacturing for late stage clinical and commercial quantities of our products. We may be unable to enter into partnerships or other relationships, which could impede our ability to bring our products to market. Any such partnerships, if entered into at all, maybe on less than favorable terms and may not result in the successful development or marketing of our products. If we are unsuccessful in establishing advantageous clinical testing, manufacturing and marketing relationships, we are not likely to generate significant revenues and become profitable.

We use hazardous substances in our research activities

We use organic and inorganic solvents and reagents in our clinical development that are customarily used in pharmaceutical development and synthesis. Some of these chemicals, such as methylene chloride, isopropyl alcohol, ethyl acetate and acetone, may be classified as hazardous substances, are flammable and, if exposed to human skin can cause anything from irritation to severe burns. We receive, store, use and dispose of such chemicals in compliance with all applicable laws with containment storage facilities and contained handling and disposal safeguards and procedures. We are routinely inspected by federal, state and local governmental and public safety agencies regarding our storage, use and disposal of such chemicals, including the federal Occupational, Safety and Health Agency ("OSHA"), the Oregon Department of Environmental Quality ("DEQ") and local fire departments, without any material noncompliance issues in such inspections to date. Further, our usage of such chemicals is limited and falls below the reporting thresholds under federal law. Based on our limited use of such chemicals, the nature of such chemicals and the safeguards undertaken by the Company for storage, use and disposal, we believe we do not have any material exposure for toxic tort liability. Further, the cost of such compliance is not a material cost in our operating budget. While we do not have toxic tort liability insurance at this time, we believe our current insurance coverage is adequate to cover most liabilities that may arise from our use of such substances. If we are wrong in any of our beliefs, we could incur a liability in certain circumstances that would be material to our finances and the value of an investment in our securities.

Risks Related to Share Ownership

Our right to issue preferred stock, our classified Board of Directors and Oregon Anti-Takeover

laws may delay a takeover attempt and prevent or frustrate any attempt to replace or remove the then current management of the Company by shareholders.

Our authorized capital consists of 200,000,000 shares of common stock and 20,000,000 shares of preferred stock. Our Board of Directors, without any further vote by the shareholders, has the authority to issue preferred shares and to determine the price, preferences, rights and restrictions, including voting and dividend rights, of these shares. The rights of the holders of shares of common stock may be affected by the rights of holders of any preferred shares that our board of directors may issue in the future. For example, our Board of Directors may allow the issuance of preferred shares with more voting rights, higher dividend payments or more favorable rights upon dissolution, than the shares of common stock or special rights to elect directors.

In addition, we have a "classified" Board of Directors, which means that only one-half of our directors are eligible for election each year. Therefore, if shareholders wish to change the composition of our Board of Directors, it could take at least two years to remove a majority of the existing directors or to change all directors. Having a classified Board of Directors may, in some cases, delay mergers, tender offers or other possible transactions which may be favored by some or a majority of our shareholders and may delay or frustrate action by shareholders to change the then current Board of Directors and management.

The Oregon Control Share Act and Business Combination Act may limit parties who acquire a significant amount of voting shares from exercising control over us for specific periods of time. These acts may lengthen the period for a proxy contest or for a person to vote their shares to elect the majority of our Board and change management.

Our stock price is volatile and may fluctuate due to factors beyond our control.

Historically, the market price of our stock has been highly volatile. The following types of announcements could have a significant impact on the price of our common stock: positive or negative results of testing and clinical trials by ourselves, strategic partners, or competitors; delays in entering into corporate partnerships; technological innovations or commercial product introductions by ourselves or competitors; changes in government regulations; developments concerning proprietary rights, including patents and litigation matters; public concern relating to the commercial value or safety of any of our products; financing or other corporate transactions; or general stock market conditions.

The significant number of our shares of Common Stock eligible for future sale may cause the price of our common stock to fall.

We have outstanding 51,182,751 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2005 and all are eligible for sale under Rule 144 or are otherwise freely tradeable. In addition:

- Our employees and others hold options to buy a total of 4,812,396 shares of common stock of which 3,308,714 shares were exercisable at December 31, 2005. The options outstanding have exercise prices between \$1.76 to \$8.13 per share. The shares of common stock to be issued upon exercise of these options, have been registered, and, therefore, may be freely sold when issued;
- There are outstanding warrants to buy 12,213,151 shares of common stock at December 31, 2005 with exercise prices ranging from \$.0003 to \$35.63 per share. All of these shares of common stock are registered for resale and may be freely sold when issued.
- We may issue options to purchase up to an additional 1,770,056 shares of common stock at December 31, 2005 under our stock option plans, which also will be fully

16

saleable when issued except to the extent limited under Rule 144 for resales by our officers and directors.

- We are authorized to sell up to 39,807 shares of common stock under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan to our full-time employees, nearly all of whom are eligible to participate.
- We have also granted certain contractual rights to purchase (i) an additional 352,113 shares of our common stock at a price of \$7.10 per share and (ii) the right to purchase up to \$7,500,000 of our common stock based on the average closing sales price for the five days preceding the commitment to purchase. If we meet certain technological milestones, the holder of these rights is obligated to purchase shares of common stock from us. The holder of these rights may require us to register the shares issued upon the exercise of such purchase rights.

Sales of substantial amounts of shares into the public market could lower the market price of our common stock.

We do not expect to pay dividends in the foreseeable future.

We have never paid dividends on our shares of common stock and do not intend to pay dividends in the foreseeable future. Therefore, you should only invest in our common stock with the expectation of realizing a return through capital appreciation on your investment. You should not invest in our common stock if you are seeking dividend income.

Item 1B. Unresolved SEC Comments

None.

17

Item 2. Description of Property

We occupy 53,000 square feet of leased laboratory and office space at 4575 S.W. Research Way, Suite 200, Corvallis, Oregon 97333. This lease expires in December 2020. We occupy 5,000 square feet of leased laboratory and office space at Unit M, 2150 W. 6th Avenue, Broomfield, Colorado 80020. This lease expires in November 2007. Our executive office is located in 4,400 square feet of leased space at One S.W. Columbia, Suite 1105, Portland, Oregon 97258. This lease expires July 2009. We believe that our facilities are suitable and adequate for our present operational requirements for the foreseeable future.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

As of March 16, 2006, there were no material, pending legal proceedings to which we are a party. From time to time, we become involved in ordinary, routine or regulatory legal proceedings incidental to our business.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

No matters were submitted to a vote of our shareholders during the quarter ended December 31, 2005.

18

PART II

Item 5. Market for Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

Our Common Stock is quoted on the Nasdaq National Market System ("Nasdaq NMS") under the symbol "AVII." The following table sets forth the high and low closing sales prices as reported by Nasdaq NMS for each quarterly period in the two most recent fiscal years and quarter-to-date for the next fiscal year:

<u>2004</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
Quarter 1	\$ 4.75	\$ 2.88
Quarter 2	3.58	2.02
Quarter 3	2.71	1.59
Quarter 4	2.35	2.04
<u>2005</u>		
Quarter 1	\$ 4.14	\$ 2.00

Quarter 2	2.95	2.22
Quarter 3	2.64	2.11
Quarter 4	4.03	2.59

2006		
Quarter 1 to March 10, 2006	\$ 8.65	\$ 3.39

The number of shareholders of record and approximate number of beneficial holders on March 10, 2006 was 631 and 18,600 respectively. There were no cash dividends declared or paid in fiscal years 2005 or 2004. We do not anticipate declaring such dividends in the foreseeable future.

All securities sold during 2005 by us were either previously reported on our Form 10-Qs filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission or sold pursuant to Registration statements filed under the Securities Act of 1933.

During 2005, we issued 60,854 shares of common stock to employees at approximately \$1.82 per share for \$110,730, under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan. During 2004, we issued 49,918 shares of common stock to employees at approximately \$1.89 per share for \$94,558, under our Employee Stock Purchase Plan.

During 2005, we granted 1,245,937 stock options to purchase shares of common stock at approximately \$2.47 per share, under our 2002 Equity Incentive Plan. During 2004, we granted 631,041 stock options to purchase shares of common stock at approximately \$3.10 per share, under our 2002 Equity Incentive Plan.

19

Equity Compensation Plan Information

Plan category	Number of securities to be issued upon exercise of outstanding options, warrants and rights (a)	Weighted-average exercise price of outstanding options, warrants and rights (b)	Number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans (excluding securities reflected in column (a)) (c)
Equity compensation plans approved by security holders	3,695,509	\$ 4.74	1,809,863
Equity compensation plans not approved by security holders	-0-	—	-0-
Total	3,695,509	\$ 4.74	1,809,863

The number of securities remaining available for future issuance under equity compensation plans includes shares from the Company's 2002 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2002 Plan"). The number of shares reserved for issuance will be increased by an automatic annual share increase pursuant to which the number of shares available for issuance under the 2002 Plan will automatically increase on the first trading day of each fiscal year (the "First Trading Day"), beginning with the 2003 fiscal year and continuing through the fiscal year 2011, by an amount equal to two percent (2%) of the total number of shares outstanding on the last trading day of the immediately preceding fiscal year; such increases being subject to the limitation in the next sentence. The 2002 Plan provides that, following any such adjustment, the number of then outstanding options under the Company's stock option plans and stock purchase plans, together with options in the reserve then available for future grant under the Company's stock option plans, shall not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the then outstanding voting shares of capital stock of the Company, together with all then actually outstanding stock options under the Company's stock option plans, together with all shares in the reserve then available for future grant under the Company's stock option and stock purchase plans. This automatic share increase feature is designed to assure that a sufficient reserve of Common Stock remains available for the duration of the 2002 Plan to attract and retain the services of key individuals essential to the Company's long-term growth and success. This feature is also designed to eliminate the uncertainty inherent in seeking an individual increase to the reserve each year as to what number of shares will be available in the reserve for option grants. Creating a certain rate of growth under the 2002 Plan will assist the Company as it makes strategic personnel decisions in an effort to expand its growth, as the Company will know the approximate number of shares that will become available for issuance under the 2002 Plan. At the same time, the Company has attempted to minimize the dilutive effect that the issuance of Common Stock upon the exercise of options can have on stockholders' percentage of ownership in the Company by

20

adopting only a 2% growth rate for the 2002 Plan. This rate, while it provides room for growth in the 2002 Plan, is a rate which the Company believes it can reasonably sustain, minimizing the risk to stockholders that the option reserve grows faster than the Company itself. The twenty percent (20%) limitation discussed above further protects shareholders by capping the size of the 2002 Plan in relation to the Company's other securities.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

The following selected financial data should be read in conjunction with Item 7. "Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation" and Item 8. "Financial Statements."

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,				
	2005	2004	2003	2002	2001
Operations data:					
Revenues	\$ 4,783,760	\$ 430,461	\$ 969,866	\$ 836,784	\$ 706,102
Research and development	17,117,750	20,738,725	15,284,396	22,413,892	12,750,901
General and administrative	5,182,369	4,735,731	4,558,948	3,763,941	3,357,817
Realized gain on sale of Short-term securities—available-for-sale	—	—	3,765,752	—	—

Write-down of short-term securities—available-for-sale	—	—	—	(4,478,260)	(12,523,088)
Net loss	(16,675,864)	(24,777,694)	(14,616,628)	(29,359,051)	(26,925,174)
Net loss per share—Basic and diluted	(0.37)	(0.69)	(0.49)	(1.14)	(1.20)
Balance sheet data:					
Cash and investments	\$ 47,051,082	\$ 19,515,316	\$ 37,599,136	\$ 19,293,645	\$ 25,597,121
Working capital	45,905,421	17,948,793	34,639,526	15,279,854	24,230,010
Total assets	56,407,982	28,518,631	47,145,023	28,603,757	33,815,113
Shareholders' equity	53,660,009	26,269,033	43,394,030	23,481,623	30,534,047

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operations

Forward-Looking Information

This report contains forward-looking statements regarding our plans, expectations, estimates and beliefs. Our actual results could differ materially from those discussed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are identified by words such as “believe,” “anticipate,” “expect,” “intend,” “plan,” “will,” “may,” and other similar expressions. In addition, any statements that refer to expectations, projections or other characterizations of future events or circumstances are forward-looking statements. We have based these forward-looking statements largely on our expectations. Forward-looking statements in this report include, but are not necessarily limited to, those relating to:

- our intention to introduce new products,
- receipt of any required FDA or other regulatory approval for our products,
- our expectations about the markets for our products,
- acceptance of our products, when introduced, in the marketplace,

21

- our future capital needs,
- results of our research and development efforts, and
- success of our patent applications.

Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties, certain of which are beyond our control. Actual results could differ materially from those anticipated as a result of the factors described in the “Risk Factors” and detailed herein and in our other Securities and Exchange Commission filings, including among others:

- the effect of regulation by the FDA and other governmental agencies,
- delays in obtaining, or our inability to obtain, approval by the FDA or other regulatory authorities for our products,
- research and development efforts, including delays in developing, or the failure to develop, our products,
- the development of competing or more effective products by other parties,
- the results of pre-clinical and clinical testing,
- uncertainty of market acceptance of our products,
- problems that we may face in manufacturing, marketing, and distributing our products,
- our inability to raise additional capital when needed,
- delays in the issuance of, or the failure to obtain, patents for certain of our products and technologies, and
- problems with important suppliers and business partners.

Because of these risks and uncertainties, the forward-looking events and circumstances discussed in this report or incorporated by reference might not occur. Factors that cause actual results or conditions to differ from those anticipated by these and other forward-looking statements include those more fully described in the “Risk Factors” section and elsewhere in this report.

Overview

From our inception in 1980, we have devoted our resources primarily to fund our research and development efforts. We have been unprofitable since inception and, other than limited interest, license fees, grants and research contracts, we have had no material revenues from the sale of products or other sources and, other than from government grants and research contracts, and we do not expect material revenues for the foreseeable future. We expect to continue to incur losses for the foreseeable future as we continue to expand our research and development efforts and enter additional collaborative efforts. As of December 31, 2005, our accumulated deficit was \$172,648,244.

Results of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2005 Compared with Year Ended December 31, 2004. Revenues, from license fees, grants and research contracts, increased from \$430,461 in 2004 to \$4,783,760 in 2005, primarily due to increases in research contract revenue, partially offset by decreases in grants revenues. In 2005, the Company recognized \$4,600,000 in research contracts revenue from government funding for work performed on viral disease research projects. Operating expenses decreased from \$25,474,456 in 2004 to \$22,300,119 in 2005 due to decreases in research and development, which decreased from \$20,738,725 in 2004 to \$17,117,750 in 2005, which were partially offset by increases in general and administrative costs, which increased from \$4,735,731 in 2004 to \$5,182,369 in 2005. Approximately \$4.8 million of the research and development decrease was due to lower contracting costs for the production of GMP subunits. These research and development decreases were partially offset by increases in clinical trial expenses, lab supplies, employee costs, and clinical trial insurance. Approximately \$530,000 of this general and administrative increase was due to additional clinical and business development staff hired after the first quarter of 2004. These general and administrative increases were partially offset by decreases in accounting and legal expenses. Net interest income increased from \$266,301 in 2004 to \$840,495 in 2005 due to increases in average cash, cash equivalents and short-term securities balances and increases in average interest rates of the Company's interest earning investments.

Year Ended December 31, 2004 Compared with Year Ended December 31, 2003. Revenues, from license fees, grants and research contracts, decreased from \$969,866 in 2003 to \$430,461 in 2004, primarily due to decreases in research contracts revenues, partially offset by increases in grants revenues. Operating expenses increased from \$19,843,344 in 2003 to \$25,474,456 in 2004 due to increases in research and development. These increases were primarily due to higher manufacturing costs associated with the Company's clinical development efforts, which increased from \$15,284,396 in 2003 to \$20,738,725 in 2004. Approximately \$4,200,000 of this increase was due to the Company contracting for the production of GMP subunits, or precursors, which, in turn, will be converted into finished compounds by ourselves or by others suitable for use in human clinical trials. The remaining difference is due to increases in outside collaborations and regulatory affairs costs, and additional preclinical and clinical testing of the Company's products. General and administrative costs increased from \$4,558,948 in 2003 to \$4,735,731 in 2004. Net interest income decreased from \$491,098 in 2003 to \$266,301 in 2004 due to reductions in market interest rates, which were slightly offset by increases in average cash, cash equivalents and short-term securities.

We, along with SuperGen, are seeking an additional corporate partner for the further development of AVICINE. We envision that this partner will share the costs of any additional clinical development, including additional Phase II trials, if deemed necessary, and Phase III pivotal trials. The nature, timing, and design of these trials would be dependent upon the prospective partner.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

We have financed our operations since inception primarily through equity sales totaling \$188,107,868, from grants and contract research funding of \$9,865,528 from various sources, and \$1,480,432 from shared development funding on AVICINE with SuperGen. We expect to continue to incur losses as we continue and expand our research and development activities and related regulatory work and increase our collaborative efforts. For 2006, we expect our expenditures for operations, including our collaborative efforts, and our GMP facilities to be approximately \$22 to \$25 million. This cost could increase if we undertake additional collaborative efforts. However, if need be in 2006, we believe we can reduce our expenditures because a significant amount of our costs are variable. Those estimated

expenditures include amounts necessary to fulfill our obligations under our various collaborative, research and licensing agreements during 2006.

Because of the cost (up to \$1.7 billion) and timeframe (up to 15 years) traditionally associated with developing a potential drug or pharmaceutical product to the point of FDA approval for human sales. Our business strategy is to develop our products up to initial Phase III human clinical trials and then look for third parties to fund further development of the product and to third parties also to market the product through strategic partnerships, license agreements or other relationships. We also look for collaborative and other efforts, such as our relationship with Exelixis, to utilize other technology to increase the potential variety and reduce the cost of identifying products. We believe that this strategy will limit the potential cost we would incur in developing a product and bringing it to market. Our expected costs under our various contracts and for various drug development products can be estimated for the next year or two, but not much beyond that due to the uncertainty of clinical trial results, research results and the timing of securing one or more partners to develop and market a potential drug.

Because of the various factors noted above and the expectation that, until we establish revenue sources, we will license or jointly develop our prospective products to or with strategic partners, we review, at least annually, each research program and clinical trial, based on results and progress during the prior year and estimate our needs for that program or trial for the coming year, making adjustments based on the progress of the program during the year. We do not set long-term development budgets or development schedules for bringing our products to market or track our research costs on a product basis, other than against the current budgeted amount.

The Company was informed in 2004 that it had been allocated \$5 million in government funding for work on four bio-defense research projects and the Company recognized \$4.6 million from this program in 2005. In January 2006, the Company announced that President Bush had approved the final version of the 2006 defense appropriations act, which included an allocation of \$11 million to fund the Company's ongoing defense-related programs. The Company's NEUGENE® technology is being used to develop therapeutic agents against Ebola, Marburg and dengue viruses, as well as to develop countermeasures for anthrax exposure and antidotes for ricin toxin. This additional funding for 2006 has not been received and has not been reflected in the financial statements.

Our cash, cash equivalents and short-term securities were \$47,051,082 at December 31, 2005, compared with \$19,515,316 at December 31, 2004. The increase of \$27,535,766 was due primarily to the receipt of \$43,321,322 in net proceeds from two private equity financings and \$205,684 from the exercise of options and sales under the Company's employee stock purchase plan, offset by \$14,668,967 used in operations and \$1,467,882 used for purchases of property and equipment and patent related costs. The first of the two private equity financings with several institutional investors closed on January 19, 2005. The Company sold 8,000,000 shares of common stock at \$3.00 per share. Investors also received warrants for the purchase of 1,600,001 common shares in the aggregate for \$5.00 per share. These warrants are exercisable starting July 19, 2005 and expire on July 19, 2009. The second of the two private equity financings with several institutional investors closed on November 14, 2005. The Company sold 6,941,715 shares of common stock at \$3.26 per share. These securities were sold pursuant to the Company's effective shelf registration statement.

We do not expect any material revenues in 2006 from our business activities. We expect that our cash requirements for the balance of calendar 2006 will be satisfied by existing cash resources. To fund our operations beyond 2006, we will need to raise additional capital. We will continue to look for opportunities to finance our ongoing activities and operations through

accessing corporate partners or the public equity markets, as we currently have no credit facility, nor do we intend to seek one.

CONTRACTUAL PAYMENT OBLIGATIONS

The Company's off-balance sheet arrangements are limited to operating leases and rents on certain facilities and equipment and license agreements for which it is obligated to pay the licensors a minimum annual royalty. These off-balance sheet arrangements are expensed as incurred. In 2005, these expenses totaled \$1,160,000 for operating leases and \$125,000 for royalty payments.

A summary of our contractual commitments and obligations as of December 31, 2005 is as follows:

Contractual Obligation	Payments Due By Period				
	Total	2006	2007 and 2008	2009 and 2010	2011 and beyond
Operating leases	\$ 20,643,000	\$ 1,185,000	\$ 2,436,000	\$ 2,400,000	\$ 14,622,000
Royalty payments	2,130,000	125,000	250,000	250,000	1,505,000
	<u>\$ 22,773,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,310,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,686,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,650,000</u>	<u>\$ 16,127,000</u>

Our future expenditures and capital requirements depend on numerous factors, most of which are difficult to project beyond the short term. These requirements include the progress of our research and development programs and our pre-clinical and clinical trials, the time and costs involved in obtaining regulatory approvals, the cost of filing, prosecuting, defending and enforcing any patent claims and other intellectual property rights, competing technological and market developments, our ability to establish collaborative arrangements and the terms of any such arrangements, and the costs associated with commercialization of our products. Our cash requirements are expected to continue to increase each year as we expand our activities and operations. There can be no assurance, however, that we will ever be able to generate product revenues or achieve or sustain profitability.

New Accounting Pronouncements

See Note 2 of Notes to Financial Statements included under Part III, Item 15.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to valuation of investments, long-lived assets, and revenue recognition. We base our estimates on historical experience and on various other assumptions. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We believe the following critical accounting policies and the related judgments and estimates affect the preparation of our financial statements.

Valuation of Investments

Investments in marketable securities are classified as available-for-sale under SFAS 115 and recorded at fair value in each period with changes recorded to "other comprehensive income." We periodically evaluate our investments for other than temporary impairments and

record an impairment unless the evidence indicating that the carrying amount is recoverable outweighs the negative evidence to the contrary.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recorded from research contracts and grants as the services are performed and payment is reasonably assured. In 2005, the Company recognized \$4,600,000 in research contracts revenue from government funding for work performed on viral disease research projects. Upfront, nonrefundable fees and other fees associated with license and development arrangements are recognized as revenue ratably over the performance period. Revenue associated with performance milestones under license and development arrangements is recognized based upon the achievement of the milestones, as defined in the respective agreements. Revenue from license and development arrangements has been insignificant to date.

Long-Lived Asset Impairment

We regularly evaluate long-lived assets and certain identified intangible assets for impairment in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets," which requires us to review our long-lived assets and certain identifiable intangible assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset might not be recoverable and exceeds its fair value. Recoverability of assets to be held and used is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to estimated undiscounted future cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds its estimated future cash flows, an impairment charge is recognized by the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds the fair value of the asset. Assets to be disposed of would be separately presented in the balance sheet and reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair value less costs to sell, and are no longer depreciated. The assets and liabilities of a disposal group classified as held for sale would be presented separately in the appropriate asset and liability sections of the balance sheet. Based on this analysis, we did not recognize an impairment on long-lived assets during the year ended December 31, 2005. If circumstances related to our long-lived assets change, we may record an impairment charge in the future.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Due to the short-term nature of our interest bearing assets we believe that our exposure to interest rate market risk is not significant.

Item 8. Financial Statements

All information required by this item begins on page F-1 in item 15 of Part III of this Report and is incorporated into this item by reference.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

Not applicable.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, our President, and our Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and

26

procedures pursuant to Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 as of December 31, 2005. Based on that review, the Chief Executive Officer, the President, and the Chief Financial Officer have concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports it files or submits under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms.

The Company does not expect that its disclosure controls and procedures will prevent all error and all fraud. A control procedure, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control procedure are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control procedures, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the control. The Company considered these limitations during the development of its disclosure controls and procedures, and will continually reevaluate them to ensure they provide reasonable assurance that such controls and procedures are effective.

Internal Controls and Procedures

There have not been any changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the Company's fourth fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The management of AVI BioPharma, Inc. (the Company or AVI) is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and includes those policies and procedures that:

- Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company;
- Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and
- Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

27

The Company's management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005. In making this assessment, the Company's management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in "Internal Control-Integrated Framework." Based on management's assessment and those criteria, we believe that, as of December 31, 2005, the Company's internal control over financial reporting is effective.

KPMG LLP, the Company's Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm, has issued an audit report appearing below on our assessment of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Denis R. Burger, Ph.D.

Chief Executive Officer

/s/ Alan P. Timmins

President and Chief Operating Officer

/s/ Mark M. Webber

Chief Financial Officer and Chief Information Officer

Portland, Oregon

March 14, 2006

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders

AVI BioPharma, Inc.:

We have audited management's assessment, included in the accompanying *Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting* appearing under Item 9a, that AVI BioPharma, Inc. maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Management of AVI BioPharma, Inc. is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on management's assessment and an opinion on the effectiveness of the the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, evaluating management's assessment, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable

28

detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, management's assessment that AVI BioPharma, Inc. maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, is fairly stated, in all material respects, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by COSO. Also, in our opinion, AVI BioPharma, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by COSO.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the balance sheets of AVI BioPharma, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss), and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2005, and for the period from July 22, 1980 (inception) through December 31, 2005 and our report dated March 15, 2006, expressed an unqualified opinion on those consolidated financial statements. The financial statements of AVI BioPharma, Inc. for the period from July 22, 1980 (inception) through December 31, 2001 were audited by other auditors who have ceased operations. Those auditors expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements in their report dated February 21, 2002. Our opinion on the statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss), and cash flows, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the period from July 22, 1980 (inception) through December 31, 2001, is based solely on the report of the other auditors

(signed) KPMG LLP

Portland, Oregon

March 15, 2006

29

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

Information regarding our directors and executive officers required by this item is included in our definitive proxy statement for our 2006 annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

The information required by this item is included in our definitive proxy statement for our 2006 annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

The information required by this item is included in our definitive proxy statement for our 2006 annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The information required by this item is included in our definitive proxy statement for our 2006 annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accountant Fees and Services

The information required by this item is included in our definitive proxy statement for our 2006 annual meeting of shareholders to be filed with the Commission not later than 120 days after the end of the fiscal year covered by this Annual Report and is incorporated herein by reference.

30

Item 15. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) The following documents are filed as part of this Report:

Financial Statements

The following financial statements of the Company and the Report of KPMG LLP, Independent Auditors, are included in Part IV of this Report on the pages indicated:

[Report of KPMG LLP, Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm](#)
[Report of Arthur Andersen, Independent Auditors](#)
[Balance Sheets](#)
[Statements of Operations](#)
[Statements of Shareholders' Equity and Comprehensive Income \(Loss\)](#)
[Statements of Cash Flows](#)
[Notes to Financial Statements](#)

Financial Statement Schedules

All schedules are omitted because they are not applicable or the required information is shown in the financial statements or the notes thereto.

(b) Reports on Form 8-K. The following report on Form 8-K were filed during the calendar quarter ended December 31, 2005.

- Form 8-K, Items 2.02, 7.01 and 9.01, November 4, 2005
- Form 8-K, Items 1.01, 7.01 and 8.01, November 15, 2005
- Form 8-K, items 1.01, 7.01 and 8.01, November 21, 2005

31

(c) Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed herewith and this list is intended to constitute the exhibit index:

<u>Exhibit No.</u>	<u>Description</u>
1.1	Underwriting Agreement dated November 14, 2005 (15)
3.1	Third Restated Articles of Incorporation of AntiVirals Inc. (1)
3.2	Bylaws of AntiVirals Inc. (1)
3.3	First Amendment to Third Restated Articles of Incorporation (4)
3.4	Amendment to Article 2 of the Company's Third Restated Articles of Incorporation (11)
4.1	Form of Specimen Certificate for Common Stock. (1)
4.2	Form of Warrant for Purchase of Common Stock. (1)
4.3	Form of Warrant Agreement. (1)
4.4	Form of Representative's Warrant. (1)
4.5	Form of Warrant Agreement between AntiVirals Inc. and ImmunoTherapy Shareholders (3)
4.6	Form of Common Stock Purchase Warrant. (5)
4.7	Warrant to purchase 485,290 shares of the Company's common stock dated November 14, 2005 (filed herewith)

- 10.1 1992 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended through May 11, 2000). (1)
- 10.2 Employment Agreement with Denis R. Burger, Ph.D. dated November 4, 1996. (1)
- 10.3 Employment Agreement with Alan P. Timmins dated November 4, 1996. (1)
- 10.4 Employment Agreement with Dwight Weller, Ph.D. dated November 4, 1996. (1)
- 10.5 Technology Transfer Agreement between Anti-Gene Development Group and AntiVirals Inc., dated February 9, 1992. (1)
- 10.6 Amendment to Technology Transfer Agreement between Anti-Gene Development Group and AntiVirals Inc. dated January 20, 1996. (1)
- 10.7 License and Option Agreement between Anti-Gene Development Group and AntiVirals Inc., dated February 9, 1993. (1)
- 10.8 Commercial Lease between Research Way Investments, Landlord, and AntiVirals Inc., Tenant, dated June 15, 1992. (1)
- 10.9 Lease between Benjamin Franklin Plaza, Inc., Landlord, and AntiVirals Inc., Tenant, dated June 17, 1992.(1)
- 10.10 First Amendment to Lease between Benjamin Franklin Plaza, Inc., Landlord, and AntiVirals Inc., Tenant, dated July 24, 1995. (1)
- 10.11 Employment Agreement with Patrick L. Iversen, Ph.D. dated July 14, 1997. (2)
- 10.12 ImmunoTherapy Corporation 1997 Stock Option Plan (3)
- 10.13 License Agreement between ImmunoTherapy Corporation and Ohio State University, dated March 12, 1996 (3)
- 10.14 License Agreement between ImmunoTherapy Corporation and Ohio State University, dated December 26, 1996 (3)
- 10.15 Amendment to License Agreement between ImmunoTherapy Corporation and Ohio State University, dated September 23, 1997 (3)
- 10.16 Agreement and Plan of Reorganization and Merger dated as of February 2, 1998, among AntiVirals Inc., AntiVirals Acquisition Corporation and ImmunoTherapy Corporation (3)
- 10.17 First Amendment to Plan of Reorganization and Merger dated as of May 27, 1998, among AntiVirals Inc., AntiVirals Acquisition Corporation and ImmunoTherapy Corporation (3)
- 10.18 Second Amendment to Plan of Reorganization and Merger dated as of August 4, 1998, among AntiVirals Inc., AntiVirals Acquisition Corporation and ImmunoTherapy Corporation (3)

32

-
- 10.19 Form of Escrow Agreement among AntiVirals Inc., the Escrow Indemnitors and Jeffrey Lillard (3)
 - 10.20 Purchase Agreement, dated December 15, 1999, by and between AVI BioPharma, Inc. and certain Investors (5)
 - 10.21 Registration Rights Agreement, dated December 15, 1999, by and between AVI BioPharma, Inc. and certain Investors (5)
 - 10.22 Purchase Agreement, dated December 16, 1999, by and between AVI BioPharma, Inc. and certain Investors (5)
 - 10.23 Registration Rights Agreement, dated December 16, 1999, by and between AVI BioPharma, Inc. and certain Investors (5)
 - 10.24 Subscription Agreement, dated December 1, 1999, by and between SuperGen, Inc. and AVI BioPharma, Inc. (5)
 - 10.25 2000 Amendment to Technology Transfer Agreement between Anti-Gene Development Group and AVI BioPharma, Inc. (6)
 - 10.26 United States of America Sales, Distribution, and Development Agreement, dated April 4, 2000, between SuperGen, Inc. and AVI BioPharma, Inc. (7)
 - 10.27 Common Stock and Warrant Purchase Agreement, dated April 4, 2000, between SuperGen, Inc. and AVI BioPharma, Inc. (7)
 - 10.28 Registration Rights Agreement, dated April 14, 2000, between SuperGen, Inc. and AVI BioPharma, Inc. (7)
 - 10.29 2000 Employee Share Purchase Plan (8)
 - 10.30 Employment Agreement with Mark M. Webber dated May 11, 2000. (9)
 - 10.31 Lease Agreement with Spieker Partners, LP dated May 8, 2001. (9)
 - 10.32* Investment Agreement dated May 22, 2001 between the Company and Medtronic Asset Management, Inc. (9)
 - 10.33 Warrant dated June 20, 2001 issued to Medtronic Asset Management, Inc. (9)
 - 10.34 Registration Rights Agreement dated June 20, 2001 between the Company and Medtronic Asset Management, Inc. (9)
 - 10.35* License and Development Agreement dated June 20, 2001 between the Company and Medtronic, Inc. (9)
 - 10.36* Supply Agreement dated June 20, 2001 between the Company and Medtronic, Inc. (9)
 - 10.37 Securities Purchase Agreement dated March 25, 2002 between the Company and certain purchasers (“SPA”) (10)
 - 10.38 Form of Warrant issued by the Company to certain purchasers under the SPA (10)
 - 10.39 Registration Rights Agreement dated March 25, 2002 between the Company and certain purchasers (10)
 - 10.40 2002 Equity Incentive Plan (11)
 - 10.41 Securities Purchase Agreement dated January 19, 2005 between the Company and certain purchasers (“SPA”). (12)
 - 10.42 Form of Purchase Warrant issued by the Company to certain purchasers under the SPA. (12)
 - 10.43 Amendment to employment agreement of Denis R. Burger, Ph.D (14)
 - 10.44 Amendment to employment agreement of Alan P. Timmins (14)
 - 10.45 Amendment to employment agreement of Patrick L. Iversen, Ph.D (14)
 - 10.46 Amendment to employment agreement of Dwight D. Weller, Ph.D (14)
 - 10.47 Amendment to employment agreement of Peter D. O’Hanley, M.D., Ph.D (14)
 - 10.48 Amendment to employment agreement of Mark M. Webber (14)
 - 10.49 Securities Purchase Agreement dated November 14, 2005 between the Company and certain purchasers (filed herewith)
 - 14.0 Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (13)
 - 23.0 Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
 - 31.1 Certification of the Company’s Chief Executive Officer, Denis R. Burger, Ph.D., pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

33

-
- 31.2 Certification of the Company’s Chief Financial Officer, Mark M. Webber, pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
 - 32.0 Certification of CEO and CFO Pursuant to 18 U.S.C Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

(1) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant’s Registration Statement on Form SB-2, as amended and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 29, 1997 (Commission Registration No. 333-20513).

- (2) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-KSB for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1997, and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 30, 1998.
- (3) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-4, as amended, and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 7, 1998 (Commission Registration No. 333-60849).
- (4) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's current report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 30, 1998 (Commission Registration No. 000-22613).
- (5) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-3, as amended, and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 21, 1999 (Commission Registration No. 333-93135).
- (6) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's Registration Statement on Form S-1 and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on June 16, 2000 (Commission Registration No. 333-39542).
- (7) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's Registrations Statement on Form S-3, and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on September 15, 2000 (Commission Registration No. 333-45888).
- (8) Incorporated by reference to Appendix A to Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Form 14-A, as amended, filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 12, 2000.
- (9) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2001, and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August 14, 2001, as amended on April 23, 2002.
- (10) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's current report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 2, 2002.
- (11) Incorporated by reference to appendixes to Registrant's Definitive Proxy Statement on Schedule 14-A, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 11, 2002.
- (12) Incorporated by reference to registrants current report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 20, 2005.

34

- (13) Incorporated by reference to Exhibits to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003, and filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 15, 2004.
- (14) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's current report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on February 28, 2005.
- (15) Incorporated by reference to Registrant's current report on Form 8-K, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2005.

(c) Exhibits. See Item 15 (a) above.

(d) Financial Statement Schedules. See Item 15 (a) above.

* A Confidential Treatment Request for certain information in this document has been filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The information for which treatment has been sought has been deleted from such exhibit and the deleted text replaced by an asterisk (*).

35

SIGNATURES

In accordance with Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: March 16, 2006

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.

By: /s/ Denis R. Burger, Ph.D.
 Denis R. Burger, Ph.D.
 Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in their capacities indicated on March 16, 2006:

<u>Signature</u>	<u>Title</u>
<u>/s/ DENIS R. BURGER, Ph.D.</u> Denis R. Burger, Ph.D.	Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)
<u>/s/ ALAN P. TIMMINS</u>	President, Chief Operating Officer,

Alan P. Timmins

and Director

/s/ MARK M. WEBBER

Chief Financial Officer and Chief Information Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Mark M. Webber

/s/ DWIGHT D. WELLER, Ph.D.

Senior Vice President of Chemistry and Manufacturing and Director

Dwight D. Weller, Ph.D.

/s/ JACK L. BOWMAN

Director

Jack L. Bowman

/s/ JOHN W. FARA, Ph.D.

Director

John W. Fara, Ph.D.

/s/ K. MICHAEL FORREST

Director

K. Michael Forrest

/s/ JAMES B. HICKS, Ph.D.

Director

James B. Hicks, Ph.D.

/s/ JOHN C. HODGMAN

Director

John C. Hodgman

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
AVI BioPharma, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of AVI BioPharma, Inc. (an Oregon corporation in development stage) as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the related statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss), and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2005 and for the period from July 22, 1980 (inception) through December 31, 2005. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. The financial statements of AVI BioPharma, Inc. for the period from July 22, 1980 (inception) through December 31, 2001 were audited by other auditors who have ceased operations. Those auditors expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements in their report dated February 21, 2002. Our opinion on the statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss), and cash flows, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the period from July 22, 1980 (inception) through December 31, 2001, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of AVI BioPharma, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2005 and for the period from July 22, 1980 (inception) through December 31, 2005, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the effectiveness of AVI BioPharma's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO), and our report dated March 15, 2006 expressed an unqualified opinion on management's assessment of, and the effective operation of, internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Portland, OR
March 15, 2006

THIS REPORT IS A CONFORMED COPY OF THE REPORT PREVIOUSLY ISSUED BY ARTHUR ANDERSEN LLP AND HAS NOT BEEN REISSUED BY THAT FIRM.

Report of Independent Public Accountants

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of
AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of AVI BIOPHARMA, INC. (an Oregon corporation in the development stage) as of December 31, 2001, and the related statements of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2001 and for the period from inception (July 22, 1980) to December 31, 2001. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of AVI BIOPHARMA, INC. as of December 31, 2001, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the two years in the period ended December 31, 2001 and for the period from inception (July 22, 1980) to December 31, 2001, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

/s/ Arthur Andersen LLP

Portland, Oregon
February 21, 2002

F-2

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
BALANCE SHEETS

	December 31,	
	2005	2004
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 34,597,734	\$ 16,654,829
Short-term securities—available-for-sale	12,453,348	2,860,487
Accounts receivable	1,236,446	368,663
Other current assets	365,866	314,412
Total Current Assets	<u>48,653,394</u>	<u>20,198,391</u>
Property and Equipment, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$8,396,923 and \$6,729,046	5,599,269	6,313,644
Patent Costs, net of accumulated amortization of \$1,270,881 and \$1,061,788	2,117,710	1,968,987
Other Assets	37,609	37,609
Total Assets	<u>\$ 56,407,982</u>	<u>\$ 28,518,631</u>
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 1,861,604	\$ 1,456,196
Accrued employee compensation	886,369	793,402
Total Current Liabilities	<u>2,747,973</u>	<u>2,249,598</u>
Commitments and Contingencies		
Shareholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, \$.0001 par value, 20,000,000 shares authorized; none issued and outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$.0001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized; 51,182,751 and 36,143,153 issued and outstanding	5,118	3,614
Additional paid-in capital	226,290,167	182,370,440
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	12,968	(132,641)
Deficit accumulated during the development stage	(172,648,244)	(155,972,380)
Total Shareholders' Equity	<u>53,660,009</u>	<u>26,269,033</u>
Total Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity	<u>\$ 56,407,982</u>	<u>\$ 28,518,631</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-3

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Year ended December 31,			July 22, 1980 (Inception) through December 31, 2005
2005	2004	2003	

Revenues from license fees, grants and research contracts	\$ 4,783,760	\$ 430,461	\$ 969,866	\$ 9,865,528
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	17,117,750	20,738,725	15,284,396	122,301,627
General and administrative	5,182,369	4,735,731	4,558,948	33,067,776
Acquired in-process research and development	—	—	—	19,545,028
	<u>22,300,119</u>	<u>25,474,456</u>	<u>19,843,344</u>	<u>174,914,431</u>
Other income (loss):				
Interest income, net	840,495	266,301	491,098	5,539,505
Realized gain on sale of short-term securities— available-for-sale	—	—	3,765,752	3,862,502
Write-down of short-term securities— available-for-sale	—	—	—	(17,001,348)
	<u>840,495</u>	<u>266,301</u>	<u>4,256,850</u>	<u>(7,599,341)</u>
Net loss	\$ (16,675,864)	\$ (24,777,694)	\$ (14,616,628)	\$ (172,648,244)
Net loss per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.69)	(0.49)	
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding for computing basic and diluted loss per share	44,655,008	35,994,976	29,808,539	

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-4

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

	Partnership Units	Common Stock Shares	Common Stock Amount	Additional Paid-In Capital	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)	Deficit Accumulated During the Development Stage	Total Shareholders' Equity
BALANCE AT JULY 22, 1980 (Inception)	—	—	\$ —	\$ —	—	—	\$ —
Issuance of partnership units, warrants and common stock	3,615	8,272,916	828	33,732,654	—	—	33,733,482
Compensation expense related to issuance of warrants for common stock and partnership units	—	—	—	537,353	—	—	537,353
Exercise of warrants for partnership units and common stock	42	1,530,858	152	1,809,165	—	—	1,809,317
Exercise of options for common stock	—	650,907	65	2,856,148	—	—	2,856,213
Issuance of common stock for ESPP	—	68,954	7	357,911	—	—	357,918
Issuance of common stock and warrants for cash and securities, net of offering costs	—	12,135,056	1,213	82,176,877	—	—	82,178,090
Issuance of common stock and warrants for the acquisition of ImmunoTherapy Corporation	—	2,132,592	213	17,167,199	—	—	17,167,412
Issuance of common stock and warrants for services	—	192,848	20	919,243	—	—	919,263
Compensation expense related to issuance of options for common stock	—	—	—	148,254	—	—	148,254
Conversion of debt into common stock and partnership units	9	9,634	1	87,859	—	—	87,860
Issuance of common stock in exchange for partnership units	(1,810)	1,632,950	163	(163)	—	—	—
Withdrawal of partnership net assets upon conveyance of technology	(1,856)	—	—	(176,642)	—	—	(176,642)
Common stock subject to rescission, net	—	(64,049)	(6)	(288,789)	—	—	(288,795)
Comprehensive income (loss):							
Write-down of short-term securities— available-for-sale	—	—	—	—	17,001,348	—	17,001,348
Unrealized loss on short-term securities— available-for-sale	—	—	—	—	(16,271,392)	—	(16,271,392)
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(116,578,058)	(116,578,058)
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(115,848,102)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2002	—	26,562,666	2,656	139,327,069	729,956	(116,578,058)	23,481,623
Exercise of options for common stock	—	79,640	8	297,239	—	—	297,247
Issuance of common stock for ESPP	—	30,467	3	123,573	—	—	123,576
Compensation expense related to issuance of options for common stock	—	—	—	471,460	—	—	471,460
Issuance of common stock and warrants for cash, net of offering costs	—	7,792,964	780	34,655,731	—	—	34,656,511
Comprehensive income (loss):							
Realized gain on sale of short-term securities— available-for-sale	—	—	—	—	(3,765,752)	—	(3,765,752)
Unrealized gain on short-term securities— available-for-sale, net	—	—	—	—	2,745,993	—	2,745,993
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(14,616,628)	(14,616,628)
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(15,636,387)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2003	—	34,465,737	\$ 3,447	\$ 174,875,072	\$ (289,803)	\$ (131,194,686)	\$ 43,394,030
Exercise of options for common stock	—	4,121	—	14,986	—	—	14,986
Issuance of common stock for ESPP	—	49,918	5	94,553	—	—	94,558
Compensation expense related to issuance of options for common stock	—	—	—	421,635	—	—	421,635
Issuance of common stock and warrants for cash, net of offering costs	—	1,623,377	162	6,964,194	—	—	6,964,356
Comprehensive income (loss):							
Unrealized gain on short-term securities— available-for-sale, net	—	—	—	—	157,162	—	157,162
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(24,777,694)	(24,777,694)
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	—	(24,620,532)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2004	—	36,143,153	\$ 3,614	\$ 182,370,440	\$ (132,641)	\$ (155,972,380)	\$ 26,269,033
Exercise of options for common stock	—	37,029	4	94,950	—	—	94,954
Issuance of common stock for ESPP	—	60,854	6	110,724	—	—	110,730
Compensation expense related to issuance of options for	—	—	—	394,225	—	—	394,225

common stock							
Issuance of common stock and warrants for cash, net of offering costs	—	14,941,715	1,494	43,319,828	—	—	43,321,322
Comprehensive income (loss):							
Unrealized gain on short-term securities—available-for-sale, net	—	—	—	—	145,609	—	145,609
Net loss	—	—	—	—	—	(16,675,864)	(16,675,864)
Comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	—	(16,675,864)	(16,530,255)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2005	—	51,182,751	\$ 5,118	\$ 226,290,167	\$ 12,968	\$ (172,648,244)	\$ 53,660,009

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-5

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)
STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	Year ended December 31,			For the Period July 22, 1980 (Inception) through December 31, 2005
	2005	2004	2003	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Net loss	\$ (16,675,864)	\$ (24,777,694)	\$ (14,616,628)	\$ (172,648,244)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash flows used in operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization	1,997,672	1,888,008	1,484,349	10,729,864
Loss on disposal of assets	35,862	86,947	—	122,809
Realized gain on sale of short-term securities—available-for-sale	—	—	(3,765,752)	(3,862,502)
Write-down of short-term securities—available-for-sale	—	—	—	17,001,348
Compensation expense on issuance of common stock and partnership units	—	—	—	861,655
Compensation expense on issuance of options and warrants to purchase common stock or partnership units	394,225	421,635	471,460	2,117,927
Conversion of interest accrued to common stock	—	—	—	7,860
Acquired in-process research and development	—	—	—	19,545,028
(Increase) decrease in:				
Accounts receivable and other current assets	(919,237)	108,308	316,960	(1,602,312)
Other assets	—	(7,762)	—	(37,609)
Net increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued employee compensation	498,375	(1,501,395)	(1,371,141)	2,867,973
Net cash used in operating activities	(14,668,967)	(23,781,953)	(17,480,752)	(124,896,203)
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Purchase of property and equipment	(1,070,801)	(1,070,338)	(1,639,949)	(14,531,229)
Patent costs	(397,081)	(462,591)	(397,135)	(3,788,423)
Purchase of marketable securities	(13,140,581)	(13,123,205)	(44,421,888)	(97,895,870)
Sale of marketable securities	3,693,329	35,494,101	31,002,342	90,364,644
Acquisition costs	—	—	—	(2,377,616)
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(10,915,134)	20,837,967	(15,456,630)	(28,228,494)
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Proceeds from sale of common stock, warrants, and partnership units, net of offering costs, and exercise of options and warrants	43,527,006	7,073,900	35,077,334	188,107,868
Buyback of common stock pursuant to rescission offering	—	—	—	(288,795)
Withdrawal of partnership net assets	—	—	—	(176,642)
Issuance of convertible debt	—	—	—	80,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	43,527,006	7,073,900	35,077,334	187,722,431
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	17,942,905	4,129,914	2,139,952	34,597,734
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning of period	16,654,829	12,524,915	10,384,963	—
End of period	\$ 34,597,734	\$ 16,654,829	\$ 12,524,915	\$ 34,597,734

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE OF NONCASH INVESTING ACTIVITIES AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Short-term securities—available-for-sale received in connection with the private offering	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 17,897,000
Change in unrealized gain (loss) on short-term securities—available-for-sale	\$ 145,609	\$ 157,162	\$ (1,019,759)	\$ 12,968
Issuance of common stock and warrants for services	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 370,000

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

F-6

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.
(A Development Stage Company)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. ORGANIZATION AND NATURE OF BUSINESS:

AVI BioPharma, Inc. (the Company or AVI) was incorporated in the State of Oregon on July 22, 1980. The mission of the Company is to develop and commercialize improved therapeutic products based upon antisense and cancer immunotherapy technology.

Through May 1993, the financial statements included the combined accounts of the Company and ANTI-GENE DEVELOPMENT GROUP, a limited partnership (AGDG or the Partnership) founded in 1981 and registered in the State of Oregon. Substantially all income generated and proceeds from the

Partnership unit sales through that date have been paid to the Company under the terms of research and development contracts entered into by the Partnership and the Company. Significant transactions between the Company and the Partnership through that date have been eliminated.

In March 1993, the Company offered to all partners in the Partnership the opportunity to exchange their partnership units or warrants to purchase partnership units (unit warrants) for common stock or warrants to purchase common stock. Under the terms of the offer, which was completed May 1, 1993, each partner could elect to exchange each unit held or unit warrant held for 1,100 shares of common stock or warrants to purchase 1,100 shares of common stock of the Company, respectively. Total shares and warrants to purchase shares issued in the exchange offer were 1,632,950 and 381,700, respectively.

Effective May 19, 1993, the Company and the Partnership entered into a Technology Transfer Agreement wherein the Partnership conveyed all intellectual property then in its control to the Company. As part of the conveyance, the Company tendered to the Partnership for liquidation all partnership units received pursuant to the exchange offer and received a 49.37 percent undivided interest in the intellectual property. The Company then purchased the remaining undivided interest in the intellectual property for rights to payments of 4.05 percent of gross revenues in excess of \$200 million, from sales of products, which would, in the absence of the Technology Transfer Agreement, infringe a valid claim under any patent transferred to the Company. The Company also granted to the Partnership a royalty-bearing license to make, use and sell small quantities of product derived from the intellectual property for research purposes only.

In March 2000, the Company and AGDG amended the Technology Transfer Agreement to give to AGDG and Gene Tools LLC, related organizations, exclusive, non royalty-bearing rights to in vitro diagnostic applications of the intellectual property. In consideration for this amendment, Gene Tools paid the Company \$1 million and reduced the royalty that the Company would pay to AGDG under the Technology Transfer Agreement on future sales of therapeutic products from 4.05% to 3.00%.

The remaining net assets of the Partnership, \$176,642 of cash, were no longer combined with those of the Company in May 1993. Under the terms of the Technology Transfer Agreement, the Partnership ceased active sales of partnership units and income generating activities and no longer will enter into research and development contracts with the Company. The Partnership currently exists primarily for the purpose of collecting potential future payments from the Company as called for in the Technology Transfer Agreement.

F-7

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant items subject to such estimates and assumptions include the valuation of investments, long-lived asset impairment, and revenue recognition.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase to be cash equivalents. The Company held cash equivalents of \$34,597,734 and \$16,654,829 as of December 31, 2005 and 2004, respectively which consist primarily of money market funds.

Short-Term Securities—Available-For-Sale

The Company accounts for its short-term securities in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities" (SFAS 115). Short-term securities include certificates of deposit, commercial paper and other highly liquid investments with original maturities in excess of 90 days at the time of purchase and less than one year from the balance sheet date. The Company classifies its investment securities as available-for-sale and, accordingly, such investment securities are stated on the balance sheet at their fair market value with unrealized gains (losses) recorded as a separate component of shareholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss). At December 31, 2005, the Company's investments in marketable securities had gross unrealized gains of \$12,968. At December 31, 2004, the Company's investments in marketable securities had gross unrealized losses of \$132,641.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is stated at cost. An allowance for doubtful accounts receivable is not necessary since the collect ability of individual accounts receivable is known by the company. Amounts included in accounts receivable are as follows:

<u>As of December 31,</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Research contract	\$ 1,200,000	—
Grant	36,446	\$ 276,437
Interest	—	72,226
Miscellaneous	—	20,000
Accounts receivable	<u>\$ 1,236,446</u>	<u>\$ 368,663</u>

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is stated at cost and depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally five years, using the straight-line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the estimated useful life of the asset, generally five years, using the straight-line method. Expenditures for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Expenditures that increase the useful life or value are capitalized.

F-8

Amounts included in property and equipment are as follows:

As of December 31,	2005	2004
Lab equipment	\$ 4,634,255	\$ 4,212,804
Office equipment	700,578	669,376
Leasehold improvements	8,661,359	7,802,300
Construction in process	—	358,210
	13,996,192	13,042,690
Less accumulated depreciation	(8,396,923)	(6,729,046)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 5,599,269	\$ 6,313,644

Patent Costs

Patent costs consist primarily of legal and filing fees incurred to file patents on proprietary technology developed by the Company. Patent costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the estimated economic lives or the legal lives of the patents, generally 17 years. Patent amortization was \$248,358, \$209,835 and \$268,536 for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Revenue Recognition

The Company records revenue from research contracts and grants as the services are performed and payment is reasonably assured. In 2005, the Company recognized \$4,600,000 in research contracts revenue from government funding for work performed on viral disease research projects. Upfront, nonrefundable fees and other fees associated with license and development arrangements are recognized as revenue ratably over the performance period. Revenue associated with performance milestones under license and development arrangements is recognized based upon the achievement of the milestones, as defined in the respective agreements. To date revenue from license and development arrangements has not been significant.

Research and Development

Research and development (R&D) expenses include related salaries, contractor fees, materials, utilities and allocations of corporate costs. R&D expenses also consist of independent R&D costs and costs associated with collaborative development arrangements. In addition, the Company funds R&D at other companies and research institutions under agreements. Research and development costs are expensed as incurred.

Income Taxes

Income taxes are accounted for under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered and settled. A valuation allowance is recorded to reduce the net deferred tax asset to zero because it is more likely than not the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

F-9

Net Loss Per Share

Basic EPS is calculated using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period and diluted EPS is computed using the weighted average number of common shares and dilutive common equivalent shares outstanding. Given that the Company is in a loss position, there is no difference between basic EPS and diluted EPS since the common stock equivalents would be antidilutive.

Year Ended December 31,	2005	2004	2003
Net loss	\$ (16,675,864)	\$ (24,777,694)	\$ (14,616,628)
Weighted average number of shares of common stock and common stock equivalents outstanding:			
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding for computing basic earnings per share	44,655,008	35,994,976	29,808,539
Dilutive effect of warrants and stock options after application of the treasury stock method	*	*	*
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding for computing diluted earnings per share	44,655,008	35,994,976	29,808,539
Net loss per share—basic and diluted	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.69)	\$ (0.49)

* Warrants and stock options to purchase 17,025,547, 13,817,608 and 14,996,243 shares of common stock as of December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, were excluded from earnings per share calculation as their effect would have been antidilutive.

F-10

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) has issued SFAS 123, which defines a fair value based method of accounting for an employee stock option and similar equity instruments and encourages all entities to adopt that method of accounting for all of their employee stock compensation plans. However, it also allows an entity to continue to measure compensation cost for those plans using the method of accounting prescribed by Accounting Principles Board Opinion No. 25 (APB 25). Entities electing to remain with the accounting in APB 25 must make pro forma disclosures of net income (loss) and earnings (loss) per share, as if the fair value based method of accounting defined in SFAS 123 had been adopted. In December 2002, the FASB issued SFAS 148 "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation—Transition and Disclosure." SFAS 148 amends SFAS 123 for certain transition provisions for companies electing to adopt the fair value method and amends SFAS 123 for certain financial statement disclosures, including interim financial statements. The Company adopted SFAS 148 in December 2002. The Company has elected to account for its stock-based compensation plans (which are described in Note 4) under APB 25. The Company has computed, for pro forma disclosure purposes, the impact on net loss and net loss per share if the Company had accounted for its stock-based compensation plans in accordance with SFAS 123 as follows:

	<u>For the Year Ended December 31,</u>		
	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Net loss, as reported	\$ (16,675,864)	\$ (24,777,694)	\$ (14,616,628)
Deduct: Total stock-based employee compensation expense determined under fair value based method, for all awards not previously included in net loss	(2,219,446)	(2,011,753)	(3,436,587)
Pro forma net loss	<u>\$ (18,895,310)</u>	<u>\$ (26,789,447)</u>	<u>\$ (18,053,215)</u>
Basic and diluted net loss per share:			
As reported	\$ (0.37)	\$ (0.69)	\$ (0.49)
Pro forma	<u>\$ (0.42)</u>	<u>\$ (0.74)</u>	<u>\$ (0.61)</u>

No stock-based employee compensation is included in net loss for any of the periods presented since all of the options were granted at the fair market value of the Company's common stock on the date of grant. The effects of applying SFAS 123 in this pro forma disclosure are not indicative of future amounts. Additional awards are anticipated in future years.

The value of all options granted during 2005, 2004 and 2003 using the Black-Scholes options pricing model as prescribed by SFAS 123 used the following weighted average assumptions for grants:

<u>Year Ended December 31,</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
Risk-free interest rate	3.38%	3.00%	2.13%
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%	0%
Expected lives	9.1 Years	9.2 Years	7.5 Years
Expected volatility	93%	93%	94%

Using the Black-Scholes methodology, the total value of options granted to employees during 2005, 2004 and 2003 was \$2,252,654, \$1,244,461 and \$397,062, respectively, which would be amortized on a pro forma basis over the vesting period of the options (typically four years). The weighted average fair value of options granted to employees during 2005, 2004 and 2003 was \$2.12, \$2.70 and \$4.29, respectively.

The Company records the fair value of stock options granted to non-employees in exchange for services in accordance with EITF 96-18 "Accounting for Equity Instruments That are Issued to Other Than Employees for Acquiring, or in Conjunction with Selling, Goods or Services." The fair value of the options granted are expensed when the measurement date is known. The performance for services was satisfied on the grant date for stock options granted to non-employees. The total fair value of the options granted to non-employees in 2005, 2004 and 2003 was \$394,225, \$421,635 and \$471,460, respectively.

Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Comprehensive income (loss) includes charges or credits to equity that did not result from transactions with shareholders. The Company's only component of "other comprehensive income (loss)" is unrealized gain (loss) on cash equivalents and short-term securities—available-for-sale. Accordingly, such investment securities are stated on the balance sheet at their fair market value. The Company classifies its investment securities with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of purchase as cash equivalents. The Company classifies its investment securities with an original maturity of more than three months from the date of purchase as short-term securities—available-for-sale.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS 123R, which requires the measurement of all employee share-based payments to employees, including grants of employee stock options, using a fair-value-based method and the recording of such expense in our consolidated statements of income. The accounting provisions of SFAS 123R are effective for the first annual reporting period beginning after June 15, 2005. We are required to adopt SFAS 123R in the first quarter of fiscal 2006. The pro forma disclosures previously permitted under SFAS 123 no longer will be an alternative to financial statement recognition. See "Stock-based Compensation" above for the pro forma net income (loss) and net income (loss) per share amounts, for fiscal 2003 through fiscal 2005, as if we had used a fair-value-based method similar to the methods required under SFAS 123R to measure compensation expense for employee stock incentive awards. Although we have not yet determined whether the adoption of SFAS 123R will result in amounts that are similar to the current pro forma disclosures under SFAS 123, we are evaluating the requirements under SFAS 123R and expect the adoption will have a significant adverse impact on our consolidated statements of operations and net income (loss) per share.

In December 2004, the FASB issued SFAS No. 153, "Exchanges of Nonmonetary Assets, an Amendment of APB Opinion No. 29." The guidance in APB Opinion No. 29, "Accounting for Nonmonetary Transactions," is based on the principle that exchanges of nonmonetary assets should be measured based on the fair value of the assets exchanged. The guidance in APB Opinion No. 29, however, included certain exceptions to that principle. SFAS No. 153 amends APB Opinion No. 29 to eliminate the exception for nonmonetary exchanges of similar productive assets and replaces it with a general exception for exchanges of nonmonetary assets that do not have commercial substance. A nonmonetary exchange has commercial substance if the future cash flows of the entity are expected to change significantly as a result of the exchange. SFAS No. 153 is effective for nonmonetary asset exchanges in fiscal periods beginning

after June 15, 2005. During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company adopted SFAS No. 153. The statement did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In March 2005, the FASB issued Interpretation No. 47, "Accounting for Conditional Asset Retirement Obligations, an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 143" ("FIN 47"). FIN 47 requires the recognition of a liability for the fair value of a legally-required conditional asset retirement obligation when incurred, if the liability's fair value can be reasonably estimated. The interpretation also clarifies when an entity would have sufficient information to reasonably estimate the fair value of an asset retirement obligation. During the year ended December 31, 2005, the Company adopted FIN 47. The interpretation did not have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

In May 2005, the FASB issued SFAS No. 154, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections," which replaces APB Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes" and SFAS No. 3, "Reporting Accounting Changes in Interim Financial Statements" and requires the retrospective application to prior periods' financial statements for changes in accounting principle, unless it is impracticable to determine either the period-specific effects or the cumulative effect of the change. The retrospective application of the change would be limited to the direct effects of the change, and indirect effects would be recognized in the period of the accounting change. The Company adopted this standard on January 1, 2006, and does not believe that it will have a material impact on the consolidated financial statements.

3. LIQUIDITY:

The Company is in the development stage. Since its inception in 1980 through December 31, 2005, the Company has incurred losses of approximately \$173 million, substantially all of which resulted from expenditures related to research and development, general and administrative expenses, non-cash write-downs in 2002 of \$4,478,260 and in 2001 of \$12,523,088 on short-term securities—available-for-sale that had an other than temporary impairment as defined by SEC accounting rules and a one-time charge of \$19,545,028 for acquired in-process research and development reflecting the acquisition of ImmunoTherapy Corporation. The Company has not generated any material revenue from product sales to date, and there can be no assurance that revenues from product sales will be achieved. Moreover, even if the Company does achieve revenues from product sales, the Company expects to incur operating losses over the next several years.

The financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. The Company's ability to achieve a profitable level of operations in the future will depend in large part on completing product development of its antisense products, obtaining regulatory approvals for such products, and bringing these products to market. During the period required to develop these products, the Company will require substantial additional financing. There is no assurance that such financing will be available when needed or that the Company's planned products will be commercially successful. On January 19, 2005, the Company closed a private equity financing for net proceeds of \$22,300,338 with several institutional investors. The Company sold 8,000,000 shares of common stock at \$3.00 per share, together with warrants to acquire an additional 1,600,001 shares of common stock, as described in Note 4. On September 26, 2005, the Company received \$3,400,000 in government funding for work performed on viral disease research projects. On November 14, 2005, the Company closed a private equity financing for net proceeds of \$21,020,984 with several institutional investors. The Company sold 6,941,715 shares of common stock at \$3.26 per share, as described in Note 4. The Company believes it has sufficient cash to fund operations through 2006. For 2006, the Company expects expenditures for operations, including collaborative efforts and GMP facilities to be approximately \$22 to \$25 million. Expenditures for 2006 could increase if the Company undertakes additional collaborative efforts. If necessary, however, the Company's management has the ability to significantly curtail certain expenditures because a significant amount of the Company's costs are variable.

The company was informed in 2004 that it had been allocated \$5 million in government funding for work on four bio-defense research projects and the company recognized \$4.6 million from this program in 2005. In January 2006, the company announced that President Bush had approved the final version of the 2006 defense appropriations act, which included an allocation of \$11 million to fund the company's ongoing defense-related programs. The company's NEUGENE® technology is being used to develop therapeutic agents against Ebola, Marburg and dengue viruses, as well as to develop countermeasures for anthrax exposure and antidotes for ricin toxin. This additional funding for 2006 has not been received and has not been reflected in the financial statements.

The likelihood of the long-term success of the Company must be considered in light of the expenses, difficulties and delays frequently encountered in the development and commercialization of new pharmaceutical products, competitive factors in the marketplace as well as the burdensome regulatory environment in which the Company operates. There can be no assurance that the Company will ever achieve significant revenues or profitable operations.

4. SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:

In May 2003, the Company closed a private equity financing for net proceeds of \$20,757,504 with several institutional investors. The Company sold 4,500,000 shares of common stock at \$5.00 per share. Investors also received a warrant for the purchase of 2,250,000 common shares for \$7.00 per share. These warrants are immediately exercisable and expire in May 2008. In connection with the equity financing, the Company issued 46,211 shares of common stock to the underwriters. The underwriters also received a warrant for the purchase of 315,000 common shares for \$7.00 per share. These warrants are immediately exercisable and expire in May 2008.

In December 2003, the Company closed a private equity financing for net proceeds of \$13,899,007 with several institutional investors. The Company sold 3,246,753 shares of common stock at \$4.62 per share. These investors received a warrant for the purchase of 1,623,377 common shares for \$4.62 per share. These warrants were immediately exercisable and were exercised on January 22, 2004. These investors also received a warrant for the purchase of 974,026 common shares for \$5.50 per share. These warrants are immediately exercisable and expire in December 2008. In connection with the equity financing, the placement agent received a warrant for the purchase of 340,909 common shares for \$5.50 per share. These warrants are immediately exercisable and expire in December 2008.

In January 2004, the institutional investors above exercised warrants for the purchase of 1,623,377 shares of the Company's common stock at \$4.62 per share, for net proceeds of \$6,964,356. Investors also received new five-year warrants to purchase 389,611 common shares for \$5.50 per share. These warrants are exercisable starting July 28, 2004 and expire on December 8, 2008.

In January 2005, the Company closed a private equity financing for net proceeds of \$22,300,338 with several institutional investors. The Company sold 8,000,000 shares of common stock at \$3.00 per share. These investors also received warrants for the purchase of 1,600,001 common shares at \$5.00 per share. These warrants are exercisable starting July 19, 2005 and expire on July 19, 2009. In connection with the equity financing, the placement agent received a warrant for the purchase of an additional 560,000 common shares at \$5.00 per share. These warrants also are exercisable starting July 19, 2005 and expire on July 19, 2009.

In November 2005, the Company closed a private equity financing for net proceeds of \$21,020,984 with several institutional investors. The Company sold 6,941,715 shares of common stock at \$3.26 per share. In connection with the equity financing, the placement agent received a warrant for the purchase of 485,920 common shares at \$5.00 per share. These warrants are exercisable commencing on May 14, 2006 and expire on May 14, 2010.

F-14

In 2000, the Board of Directors and the Company's shareholders approved the Employee Stock Purchase Plan under which the Company is authorized to sell up to 250,000 shares of common stock to its full-time employees, nearly all of whom are eligible to participate. Under the terms of the Plan, employees may elect every six months to have up to 10% of their compensation withheld to purchase the Company's common stock. The purchase price of the stock is 85% of the lower of the beginning-of-plan period or end-of-plan period market price of the Company's common stock. During 2005, employees elected to purchase a total of 60,854 shares of the Company's common stock at \$1.82 per share. During 2004, employees elected to purchase a total of 49,918 shares of the Company's common stock at \$1.89 per share. During 2003, employees elected to purchase a total of 30,467 shares of the Company's common stock at \$4.06 per share. At December 31, 2005, 39,807 shares remained available to purchase.

The Company has two stock option plans, the 2002 Equity Incentive Plan and the 1997 Stock Option Plan (the Plans). The 2002 Plan provides for the issuance of incentive stock options to employees and nonqualified stock options, stock appreciation rights and bonus rights to employees, directors of the Company and consultants. The 1997 Plan provides for the assumption of the ImmunoTherapy Options under the Merger Agreement. The Company has reserved 6,582,452 shares of common stock for issuance under the Plans. Options issued under the Plans generally vest ratably over four years and expire five to ten years from the date of grant. At December 31, 2005, 3,695,509 options are outstanding at a weighted-average exercise price of \$4.74 under equity compensations plans approved by security holders. At December 31, 2005, 1,809,863 shares were available to issue under equity compensation plans approved by security holders.

A summary of the status of the Company's stock option plans and changes are presented in the following table:

For the Year Ended December 31,	2005		2004		2003	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Options outstanding at beginning of year	3,803,278	\$ 5.22	3,333,861	\$ 5.60	3,668,581	\$ 5.68
Granted	1,245,937	2.47	631,041	3.10	212,500	5.07
Exercised	(37,029)	2.56	(4,121)	3.64	(79,640)	3.73
Canceled	(199,790)	4.73	(157,503)	4.75	(467,580)	6.34
Options outstanding at end of year	4,812,396	4.55	3,803,278	5.22	3,333,861	5.60
Exercisable at end of year	3,308,714	\$ 5.40	2,912,510	\$ 5.63	2,556,828	\$ 5.65

F-15

At December 31, 2005, 1,770,056 shares were available for future grant.

The following table summarizes information about stock options outstanding at December 31, 2005:

Exercise Price	Outstanding Shares at December 31, 2005	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Exercisable Options
\$ 1.76	20,000	3.62	20,000
2.00	100,000	9.03	—
2.06	20,000	8.75	5,000
2.20	60,000	7.78	6,667
2.24	50,000	9.38	29,165
2.26	10,000	9.72	—
2.29	30,000	9.36	—
2.43	8,000	4.36	—
2.53	894,804	8.36	90,204
2.55	63,000	8.48	28,250
2.60	5,000	9.21	—
2.64	33,000	9.17	—
2.89	100,000	8.24	25,000
2.92	183,334	8.22	45,834
3.02	33,334	8.23	8,334
3.25	20,000	9.88	—
3.29	10,000	3.28	10,000
3.31	25,000	3.76	25,000
3.45	100,000	8.25	25,000
3.50	190,094	1.61	190,094

3.69	28,000	3.05	28,000
3.81	15,000	2.64	15,000
3.97	132,768	1.12	132,768
4.16	25,000	7.28	25,000
4.25	20,000	2.98	20,000
4.28	5,000	2.10	5,000
4.34	70,081	4.48	56,748
4.55	30,000	2.62	30,000
4.87	20,000	7.01	10,000
4.89	10,000	7.01	5,000
5.35	745,800	6.93	745,800
5.53	40,000	4.92	26,668
5.75	503,000	4.00	503,000
5.88	45,000	7.38	30,001
6.00	66,668	0.70	66,668
6.38	235,000	1.44	235,000
6.63	510,000	2.11	510,000
6.65	40,000	6.37	40,000
6.69	100,000	1.69	100,000
6.88	132,000	4.62	132,000
7.19	33,334	4.58	33,334
8.10	25,179	0.88	25,179
8.13	25,000	1.84	25,000
	<u>4,812,396</u>		<u>3,308,714</u>

F-16

The Company has also issued warrants for the purchase of common stock in conjunction with financing and compensation arrangements. The 2,645,921, 389,611, and 5,503,312 warrants granted in 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, have not been considered in the fair value based method of accounting defined in SFAS 123 as such warrant grants related to the raising of additional equity. A summary of the status of the Company's warrants and changes are presented in the following table:

For the Year Ended December 31,	2005		2004		2003	
	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Shares	Weighted Average Exercise Price
Warrants outstanding at beginning of year	10,014,330	\$ 12.34	11,662,382	\$ 11.20	10,903,684	\$ 15.16
Granted	2,645,921	5.00	389,611	5.50	5,503,312	5.94
Exercised	—	—	(1,623,377)	4.62	—	—
Expired	(447,100)	9.14	(414,286)	4.03	(4,744,614)	13.43
Warrants outstanding at end of year	<u>12,213,151</u>	<u>10.79</u>	<u>10,014,330</u>	<u>12.34</u>	<u>11,662,382</u>	<u>11.20</u>
Exercisable at end of year	<u>10,061,353</u>	<u>\$ 6.95</u>	<u>8,348,452</u>	<u>\$ 7.70</u>	<u>9,996,504</u>	<u>\$ 7.13</u>

The following table summarizes information about warrants outstanding at December 31, 2005:

Exercise Price	Outstanding Warrants at December 31, 2005	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Exercisable Warrants
\$ 0.0003	16,667	No expiration date	16,667
1.14	1,000	No expiration date	1,000
3.00	614,139	0.23	614,139
5.00	2,645,921	3.70	2,160,001
5.50	1,704,546	2.94	1,704,546
7.00	2,565,000	2.34	2,565,000
10.00	3,000,000	0.47	3,000,000
35.63	1,665,878	4.25	—
	<u>12,213,151</u>		<u>10,061,353</u>

F-17

5. INCOME TAXES:

As of December 31, 2005 the Company has net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$128,408,000, available to reduce future taxable income, which expire 2006 through 2025. Of this \$128,408,000, approximately \$2,600,000 relates to net operating losses assumed as part of the ImmunoTherapy Corporation acquisition. Utilization of these ImmunoTherapy Corporation net operating losses is limited to approximately \$1,200,000 per year. In addition, the Internal Revenue Code rules under Section 382 could limit the future use of the remaining \$125,808,000 in losses based on ownership changes and the value of the Company's stock. Approximately \$3,399,000 of the Company's carryforwards were generated as a result of deductions related to exercises of stock options. When utilized, this portion of the Company's carryforwards, as tax effected, will be accounted for as a direct increase to contributed capital rather than as a reduction of that year's provision for income taxes. The principal differences between net operating loss carryforwards for tax purposes and the accumulated deficit result from depreciation, amortization, investment write-downs, and treatment of research and development costs and deductions related to the exercise of stock options for income tax purposes.

The Company had net deferred tax assets of \$67,629,000 and \$58,573,000 at December 31, 2005 and 2004, primarily from net operating loss carryforwards. A valuation allowance was recorded to reduce the net deferred tax asset to zero because it is more likely than not the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The net change in the valuation allowance for deferred tax assets was an increase of approximately \$9,056,000, \$12,093,000 and \$5,136,000 for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, mainly due to the increase in the net operating loss carryforwards, research and development tax credits and write-down of short-term securities.

An analysis of the deferred tax assets(liabilities) are as follows:

<u>December 31,</u>	<u>2005</u>	<u>2004</u>
Net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 50,079,000	\$ 44,728,000
Difference in depreciation and amortization	1,031,000	520,000
Capital loss carryforward	5,007,000	5,007,000
Research and development tax credits	10,935,000	7,892,000
Stock options for consulting services	560,000	406,000
Other	17,000	20,000
	<u>67,629,000</u>	<u>58,573,000</u>
Valuation allowance	<u>(67,629,000)</u>	<u>(58,573,000)</u>
	<u>\$ —</u>	<u>\$ —</u>

6. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

During the year ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, the Company paid Boston Healthcare Associates, Inc., of which former director Andrew J. Ferrara is President, \$0, \$986 and \$67,900, respectively, for business development consulting services.

In June 2002, the Company loaned the chief executive officer of AVI \$500,000 under a one year term loan. The loan was secured by the chief executive officer's stock in AVI. Interest on the loan accrues at the rate of 4.75% per annum. This loan was made prior to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act, which prohibits loans to executives, and therefore is grandfathered in. On June 13, 2003, the loan to the Company's chief executive officer was repaid in full with accrued interest.

F-18

7. COMMITMENTS:

Lease Obligations

The Company leases office and laboratory facilities under various noncancelable operating leases through December 2020. Rent expense under these leases was \$1,160,000, \$1,485,000 and \$912,000 for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$7,210,000 for the period from July 22, 1980 through December 31, 2005.

At December 31, 2005, the aggregate noncancelable future minimum payments under these leases are as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	
2006	\$ 1,185,000
2007	1,219,000
2008	1,217,000
2009	1,212,000
2010	1,188,000
Thereafter	14,622,000
Total minimum lease payments	<u>\$ 20,643,000</u>

Royalty Obligations

The Company has license agreements for which it is obligated to pay the licensors a minimum annual royalty. Royalty payments under these agreements was \$125,000, \$125,000 and \$175,000 for the years ended December 31, 2005, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and \$858,750 for the period from July 22, 1980 through December 31, 2005.

At December 31, 2005, the aggregate future minimum royalty payments under these agreements are as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	
2006	\$ 125,000
2007	125,000
2008	125,000
2009	125,000
2010	125,000
Thereafter	1,505,000
Total minimum royalty payments	<u>\$ 2,130,000</u>

F-19

8. FINANCIAL INFORMATION BY QUARTER (UNAUDITED):

<u>2005 for quarter ended</u>	<u>December 31</u>	<u>September 30</u>	<u>June 30</u>	<u>March 31</u>
Revenues from license fees, grants and research contracts	\$ 1,417,446	\$ 3,281,805	\$ 39,317	\$ 45,192
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	4,913,490	4,147,201	3,915,155	4,141,904
General and administrative	1,409,066	1,052,244	1,272,529	1,448,530
	6,322,556	5,199,445	5,187,684	5,590,434
Other income (loss):				
Interest income, net	353,538	225,169	215,725	46,063
Net loss	\$ (4,551,572)	\$ (1,692,471)	\$ (4,932,642)	\$ (5,499,179)
Net loss per share, basic And diluted	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.04)	\$ (0.11)	\$ (0.13)
Shares used in per share calculations	47,838,357	44,184,293	44,167,565	42,455,512
<u>2004 for quarter ended</u>	<u>December 31</u>	<u>September 30</u>	<u>June 30</u>	<u>March 31</u>
Revenues from license fees, grants and research contracts	\$ 285,588	\$ 9,151	\$ 36,271	\$ 99,451
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	3,805,658	4,167,209	6,151,870	6,613,988
General and administrative	1,416,803	964,700	1,116,027	1,238,201
	5,222,461	5,131,909	7,267,897	7,852,189
Other income (loss):				
Interest income (loss), net	(53,381)	15,792	83,664	220,226
Net loss	\$ (4,990,254)	\$ (5,106,966)	\$ (7,147,962)	\$ (7,532,512)
Net loss per share, basic And diluted	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.14)	\$ (0.20)	\$ (0.21)
Shares used in per share calculations	36,133,472	36,123,790	36,109,016	35,610,687

9. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS (UNAUDITED):

Effective January 1, 2006, the Company extended the lease on its facility located at 4575 SW Research Way, Suite 200, Corvallis, OR 97333. This lease now expires on December 31, 2020. As of December 31, 2005, the Company had an accrued rent payable of \$615,000 related to back rent payments. Upon execution of this lease extension, the Company will be paying this amount owed using a combination of cash and AVI common stock. The Company expects this liability to be paid in full in early 2006. In consideration for extending this lease, the landlord paid for a portion of the Company's leasehold improvements. This rent reduction payment will be used to offset rent expense over the useful life of the leasehold improvements, typically five years.

F-20

On January 27, 2006, the Company announced that it had entered into a definitive License Agreement with Chiron Corporation ("Chiron") granting the Company a nonexclusive license to Chiron's patents and patent applications for the research, development, and commercialization of antisense therapeutics against hepatitis C virus, in exchange for the payment of certain milestone and royalty payments to Chiron. In lieu of the first milestone payment due under the License Agreement, the Company and Chiron also entered into a separate agreement under which the Company issued to Chiron 89,012 shares of the Company's common stock. The agreement contains certain sales volume restrictions that encourage Chiron to sell the shares over a 60 day period following receipt to the shares. The agreement contains provisions to limit the gain Chiron will receive upon the sale of such shares. The agreement also contains customary representations and warranties and undertakings regarding the securities issued by the Company.

On March 13, 2006, the Company announced that it had entered into agreements with Cook Group Inc. (Cook) for Cook's development and commercialization of products for vascular and cardiovascular diseases. Cook will take over clinical development of AVI's device-related programs for cardiovascular restenosis, including its Resten-NG drug-eluting stent (DES) program, Resten-MP™ microparticle delivery program and its new program for catheter delivery of Resten-NG. Cook will fully fund the development, clinical and regulatory costs of these programs in the U.S. and Europe leading to commercialization. Cook has also entered into a supply agreement to purchase the NEUGENE drugs for development, clinical studies and commercialization from AVI. Cook will purchase 692,003 shares of AVI common stock for \$5 million under a stock purchase agreement.

F-21

COMMON STOCK PURCHASE WARRANT

To Purchase 485,920 Shares of Common Stock of

AVI BioPharma, Inc.

THIS STOCK PURCHASE WARRANT CERTIFIES that, for value received, Rodman & Renshaw, LLC (the "Holder"), is entitled, upon the terms and subject to the limitations on exercise and the conditions hereinafter set forth, at any time on or after May 14, 2006 (the "Initial Exercise Date") and on or prior to the close of business on May 14, 2010 (the "Termination Date") but not thereafter, to subscribe for and purchase from AVI BioPharma, Inc., a corporation incorporated in the State of Oregon (the "Company"), up to 485,920 shares (the "Warrant Shares") of Common Stock, \$0.0001 par value per share, of the Company (the "Common Stock"). The purchase price of one share of Common Stock (the "Exercise Price") under this Warrant shall be \$5.00, subject to adjustment hereunder. The Exercise Price and the number of Warrant Shares for which the Warrant is exercisable shall be subject to adjustment as provided herein. All capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meanings set forth in that certain Securities Purchase Agreement dated November 14, 2005 pursuant to which this Warrant was issued.

1. Title to Warrant. Prior to the Termination Date and subject to compliance with applicable laws and Section 7 of this Warrant, this Warrant and all rights hereunder are transferable, in whole or in part, at the office or agency of the Company by the Holder in person or by duly authorized attorney, upon surrender of this Warrant together with the Assignment Form annexed hereto properly endorsed.

2. Authorization of Shares. The Company covenants that all Warrant Shares which may be issued upon the exercise of the purchase rights represented by this Warrant will, upon exercise of the purchase rights represented by this Warrant, be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable and free from all taxes, liens and charges in respect of the issue thereof (other than taxes in respect of any transfer occurring contemporaneously with such issue).

3. Exercise of Warrant.

(a) Except as provided in Section 4 herein, exercise of the purchase rights represented by this Warrant may be made at any time or times on or after the Initial Exercise Date and on or before the Termination Date by the surrender of this Warrant and the Notice of Exercise Form annexed hereto duly executed, at the office of the Company (or such other office or agency of the Company as it may designate by notice in writing to the registered Holder at the address of such Holder appearing on the books of the Company) and upon payment of the Exercise Price of the shares thereby purchased by wire transfer or cashier's check drawn on a United States bank or, if then available, by means of a cashless exercise pursuant to Section 3(d), the Holder shall be

1

entitled to receive a certificate for the number of Warrant Shares so purchased. Certificates for shares purchased hereunder shall be delivered to the Holder within three (3) Trading Days (a day on which the Nasdaq Stock Market is open for trading) after the date on which this Warrant shall have been exercised as aforesaid. This Warrant shall be deemed to have been exercised and such certificate or certificates shall be deemed to have been issued, and Holder or any other person so designated to be named therein shall be deemed to have become a holder of record of such shares for all purposes, as of the date the Warrant has been exercised by payment to the Company of the Exercise Price and all taxes required to be paid by the Holder, if any, pursuant to Section 5 prior to the issuance of such shares, have been paid. In addition to such Holder's other available remedies, the Company shall pay to the Holder, in cash, as a penalty, for each \$1,000 of Warrant Shares (based on the closing price of the Common Stock on the date this Warrant is submitted to the Company for exercise), \$10 per Trading Day (increasing to \$20 per Trading Day five (5) Trading Days after such damages have begun to accrue) for each Trading Day after the fifth Trading Day until such certificate is delivered. Nothing herein shall limit a Holder's right to pursue any other remedies available to it hereunder, at law or in equity including, without limitation, a decree of specific performance and/or injunctive relief with respect to the Company's failure to timely deliver certificates representing shares of Common Stock upon exercise of the Warrant as required pursuant to the terms hereof.

(b) If this Warrant shall have been exercised in part, the Company shall, at the time of delivery of the certificate or certificates representing Warrant Shares, deliver to Holder a new Warrant evidencing the rights of Holder to purchase the unpurchased Warrant Shares called for by this Warrant, which new Warrant shall in all other respects be identical with this Warrant.

(c) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, in no event shall the Holder be permitted to exercise this Warrant for Warrant Shares to the extent that (i) the number of shares of Common Stock beneficially owned by such Holder, together with any Affiliate (as defined in Rule 405 under the Securities Act of 1933) thereof (other than Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of this Warrant) plus (ii) the number of Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of this Warrant, would be equal to or exceed 4.9999% of the number of shares of Common Stock then issued and outstanding, including shares issuable upon exercise of this Warrant held by such Holder after application of this Section 3(c). As used herein, beneficial ownership shall be determined in accordance with Section 13(d) of the Exchange Act and the rules promulgated thereunder. To the extent that the limitation contained in this Section 3(c) applies, the determination of whether this Warrant is exercisable (in relation to other securities owned by the Holder) and of which a portion of this Warrant is exercisable shall be in the sole discretion of such Holder, and the submission of a Notice of Exercise shall be deemed to be such Holder's determination of whether this Warrant is exercisable (in relation to other securities owned by such Holder) and of which portion of this Warrant is exercisable, in each case subject to such aggregate percentage limitation, and the Company shall have no obligation to verify or confirm the accuracy of such determination. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to restrict the right of a Holder to exercise this Warrant into Warrant Shares at such time as such exercise will not violate

2

the provisions of this Section 3(c). The provisions of this Section 3(c) may be waived by the Holder upon, at the election of the Holder, not less than 61 days' prior notice to the Company, and the provisions of this Section 3(c) shall continue to apply until such 61st day (or such later date, as

determined by the Holder, as may be specified in such notice of waiver). No exercise of this Warrant in violation of this Section 3(c) but otherwise in accordance with this Warrant shall affect the status of the Warrant Shares as validly issued, fully-paid and nonassessable.

(d) If at any time after one year from the date of the issuance of this Warrant there is no effective registration statement registering, or no current prospectus available for, the issuance of the Warrant Shares to the holder, then, and only then, this Warrant may also be exercised at such time by means of a “cashless exercise” in which the Holder shall be entitled to receive a certificate for the number of Warrant Shares equal to the quotient obtained by dividing [(A-B) (X)] by (A), where:

(A) = the volume weighted average price (as reported by Bloomberg L.P. using the VAP function) on the Trading Day preceding the date of such election, as reported by Bloomberg Financial, L.P.;

(B) = the Exercise Price of the Warrants, as adjusted; and

(X) = the number of Warrant Shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrants in accordance with the terms of this Warrant by means of a cash exercise rather than a cashless exercise.

4. No Fractional Shares or Scrip. No fractional shares or scrip representing fractional shares shall be issued upon the exercise of this Warrant. As to any fraction of a share which Holder would otherwise be entitled to purchase upon such exercise, the Company shall pay a cash adjustment in respect of such final fraction in an amount equal to such fraction multiplied by the Exercise Price.

5. Charges, Taxes and Expenses. Issuance of certificates for Warrant Shares shall be made without charge to the Holder for any issue or transfer tax or other incidental expense in respect of the issuance of such certificate, all of which taxes and expenses shall be paid by the Company, and such certificates shall be issued in the name of the Holder or in such name or names as may be directed by the Holder; provided, however, that in the event certificates for Warrant Shares are to be issued in a name other than the name of the Holder, this Warrant when surrendered for exercise shall be accompanied by the Assignment Form attached hereto duly executed by the Holder; and the Company may require, as a condition thereto, the payment of a sum sufficient to reimburse it for any transfer tax incidental thereto.

6. Closing of Books. The Company will not close its stockholder books or records in any manner which prevents the timely exercise of this Warrant, pursuant to the terms hereof.

3

7. Transfer, Division and Combination.

(a) Subject to compliance with any applicable securities laws and the conditions set forth in Sections 1 and 7(e) hereof, this Warrant and all rights hereunder are transferable, in whole or in part, upon surrender of this Warrant at the principal office of the Company, together with a written assignment of this Warrant substantially in the form attached hereto duly executed by the Holder or its agent or attorney and funds sufficient to pay any transfer taxes payable upon the making of such transfer. Upon such surrender and, if required, such payment, the Company shall execute and deliver a new Warrant or Warrants in the name of the assignee or assignees and in the denomination or denominations specified in such instrument of assignment, and shall issue to the assignor a new Warrant evidencing the portion of this Warrant not so assigned, and this Warrant shall promptly be cancelled. A Warrant, if properly assigned, may be exercised by a new holder for the purchase of Warrant Shares without having a new Warrant issued.

(b) This Warrant may be divided or combined with other Warrants upon presentation hereof at the aforesaid office of the Company, together with a written notice specifying the names and denominations in which new Warrants are to be issued, signed by the Holder or its agent or attorney. Subject to compliance with Section 7(a), as to any transfer which may be involved in such division or combination, the Company shall execute and deliver a new Warrant or Warrants in exchange for the Warrant or Warrants to be divided or combined in accordance with such notice.

(c) The Company shall prepare, issue and deliver at its own expense (other than transfer taxes) the new Warrant or Warrants under this Section 7.

(d) The Company agrees to maintain, at its aforesaid office, books for the registration and the registration of transfer of the Warrants.

(e) If, at the time of the surrender of this Warrant in connection with any transfer of this Warrant, the transfer of this Warrant shall not be registered pursuant to an effective registration statement under the Securities Act and under applicable state securities or blue sky laws, the Company may require, as a condition of allowing such transfer (i) that the Holder or transferee of this Warrant, as the case may be, furnish to the Company a written opinion of counsel (which opinion shall be in form, substance and scope customary for opinions of counsel in comparable transactions) to the effect that such transfer may be made without registration under the Securities Act and under applicable state securities or blue sky laws, (ii) that the holder or transferee execute and deliver to the Company an investment letter in form and substance acceptable to the Company and (iii) that the transferee be an “accredited investor” as defined in Rule 501(a) promulgated under the Securities Act.

8. No Rights as Shareholder until Exercise. This Warrant does not entitle the Holder to any voting rights or other rights as a shareholder of the Company prior to the exercise hereof. Upon the surrender of this Warrant and the payment of the aggregate Exercise Price (or by means of a cashless exercise, if available), the Warrant Shares so purchased shall be and be

4

deemed to be issued to such Holder as the record owner of such shares as of the close of business on the later of the date of such surrender or payment.

9. Loss, Theft, Destruction or Mutilation of Warrant. The Company covenants that upon receipt by the Company of evidence reasonably satisfactory to it of the loss, theft, destruction or mutilation of this Warrant or any stock certificate relating to the Warrant Shares, and in case of loss, theft or destruction, of indemnity or security reasonably satisfactory to it (which, in the case of the Warrant, shall not include the posting of any bond), and upon surrender and cancellation of such Warrant or stock certificate, if mutilated, the Company will make and deliver a new Warrant or stock certificate of like tenor and dated as of such cancellation, in lieu of such Warrant or stock certificate.

10. Saturdays, Sundays, Holidays, etc. If the last or appointed day for the taking of any action or the expiration of any right required or granted herein shall be a Saturday, Sunday or a legal holiday, then such action may be taken or such right may be exercised on the next succeeding day not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday.

11. Adjustments of Exercise Price and Number of Warrant Shares. The number and kind of securities purchasable upon the exercise of this Warrant and the Exercise Price shall be subject to adjustment from time to time upon the happening of any of the following. In case the Company shall (i) pay a dividend in shares of Common Stock or make a distribution in shares of Common Stock to holders of its outstanding Common Stock, (ii) subdivide its outstanding shares of Common Stock into a greater number of shares, (iii) combine its outstanding shares of Common Stock into a smaller number of shares of Common Stock, or (iv) issue any shares of its capital stock in a reclassification of the Common Stock, then the number of Warrant Shares purchasable upon exercise of this Warrant immediately prior thereto shall be adjusted so that the Holder shall be entitled to receive the kind and number of Warrant Shares or other securities of the Company which it would have owned or have been entitled to receive had such Warrant been exercised in advance thereof. Upon each such adjustment of the kind and number of Warrant Shares or other securities of the Company which are purchasable hereunder, the Holder shall thereafter be entitled to purchase the number of Warrant Shares or other securities resulting from such adjustment at an Exercise Price per Warrant Share or other security obtained by multiplying the Exercise Price in effect immediately prior to such adjustment by the number of Warrant Shares purchasable pursuant hereto immediately prior to such adjustment and dividing by the number of Warrant Shares or other securities of the Company resulting from such adjustment. An adjustment made pursuant to this paragraph shall become effective immediately after the effective date of such event retroactive to the record date, if any, for such event.

12. Reorganization, Reclassification, Merger, Consolidation or Disposition of Assets. In case the Company shall reorganize its capital, reclassify its capital stock, consolidate or merge with or into another corporation (where the Company is not the surviving corporation or where there is a change in or distribution with respect to the Common Stock of the Company), or sell, transfer or otherwise dispose of all or substantially all its property, assets or business to another corporation and, pursuant to the terms of such reorganization, reclassification, merger, consolidation or disposition of assets, shares of common stock of the successor or acquiring corporation, or any cash, shares of stock or other securities or property of any nature whatsoever

5

(including warrants or other subscription or purchase rights) in addition to or in lieu of common stock of the successor or acquiring corporation (“Other Property”), are to be received by or distributed to the holders of Common Stock of the Company, then the Holder shall have the right thereafter to receive upon exercise of this Warrant, the number of shares of Common Stock of the successor or acquiring corporation or of the Company, if it is the surviving corporation, and Other Property receivable upon or as a result of such reorganization, reclassification, merger, consolidation or disposition of assets by a Holder of the number of shares of Common Stock for which this Warrant is exercisable immediately prior to such event. In case of any such reorganization, reclassification, merger, consolidation or disposition of assets, the successor or acquiring corporation (if other than the Company) shall expressly assume the due and punctual observance and performance of each and every covenant and condition of this Warrant to be performed and observed by the Company and all the obligations and liabilities hereunder, subject to such modifications as may be deemed appropriate (as determined in good faith by resolution of the Board of Directors of the Company) in order to provide for adjustments of Warrant Shares for which this Warrant is exercisable which shall be as nearly equivalent as practicable to the adjustments provided for in this Section 12. For purposes of this Section 12, “common stock of the successor or acquiring corporation” shall include stock of such corporation of any class which is not preferred as to dividends or assets over any other class of stock of such corporation and which is not subject to redemption and shall also include any evidences of indebtedness, shares of stock or other securities which are convertible into or exchangeable for any such stock, either immediately or upon the arrival of a specified date or the happening of a specified event and any warrants or other rights to subscribe for or purchase any such stock. The foregoing provisions of this Section 12 shall similarly apply to successive reorganizations, reclassifications, mergers, consolidations or disposition of assets.

13. Voluntary Adjustment by the Company. The Company may at any time during the term of this Warrant reduce the then current Exercise Price to any amount and for any period of time deemed appropriate by the Board of Directors of the Company.

14. Notice of Adjustment. Whenever the number of Warrant Shares or number or kind of securities or other property purchasable upon the exercise of this Warrant or the Exercise Price is adjusted, as herein provided, the Company shall give notice thereof to the Holder, which notice shall state the number of Warrant Shares (and other securities or property) purchasable upon the exercise of this Warrant and the Exercise Price of such Warrant Shares (and other securities or property) after such adjustment, setting forth a brief statement of the facts requiring such adjustment and setting forth the computation by which such adjustment was made.

15. Notice of Corporate Action. If at any time:

(a) the Company shall take a record of the holders of its Common Stock for the purpose of entitling them to receive a dividend or other distribution, or any right to subscribe for or purchase any evidences of its indebtedness, any shares of stock of any class or any other securities or property, or to receive any other right, or

(b) there shall be any capital reorganization of the Company, any reclassification or recapitalization of the capital stock of the Company or any

6

consolidation or merger of the Company with, or any sale, transfer or other disposition of all or substantially all the property, assets or business of the Company to, another corporation or,

(c) there shall be a voluntary or involuntary dissolution, liquidation or winding up of the Company;

then, in any one or more of such cases, the Company shall give to Holder (i) at least 20 days' prior written notice of the date on which a record date shall be selected for such dividend, distribution or right or for determining rights to vote in respect of any such reorganization, reclassification, merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, disposition, liquidation or winding up, and (ii) in the case of any such reorganization, reclassification, merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, disposition, dissolution, liquidation or winding up, at least 20 days' prior written notice of the date when the same shall take place. Such notice in accordance with the foregoing clause also shall specify (i) the date on which any such record is to be taken for the purpose of such dividend, distribution or right, the date on which the holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to any such dividend, distribution or right, and the amount and character thereof, and (ii) the date on which any such reorganization, reclassification, merger, consolidation, sale, transfer, disposition, dissolution, liquidation or winding up is to take place and the time, if any such time is to be fixed, as of which the holders of Common Stock shall be entitled to exchange their Warrant Shares for securities or other property deliverable upon such disposition, dissolution, liquidation or winding up. Each such written notice shall be sufficiently given if addressed to Holder at the last address of Holder appearing on the books of the Company and delivered in accordance with Section 17(d).

16. Authorized Shares. The Company covenants that during the period the Warrant is outstanding, it will reserve from its authorized and unissued Common Stock a sufficient number of shares to provide for the issuance of the Warrant Shares upon the exercise of any purchase rights under this Warrant. The Company further covenants that its issuance of this Warrant shall constitute full authority to its officers who are charged with the duty of executing stock certificates to execute and issue the necessary certificates for the Warrant Shares upon the exercise of the purchase rights under this Warrant. The Company will take all such reasonable action as may be necessary to assure that such Warrant Shares may be issued as provided herein without violation of any applicable law or regulation, or of any requirements of the Principal Market upon which the Common Stock may be listed.

Except and to the extent as waived or consented to by the Holder, the Company shall not by any action, including, without limitation, amending its certificate of incorporation or through any reorganization, transfer of assets, consolidation, merger, dissolution, issue or sale of securities or any other voluntary action, avoid or seek to avoid the observance or performance of any of the terms of this Warrant, but will at all times in good faith assist in the carrying out of all such terms and in the taking of all such actions as may be necessary or appropriate to protect the rights of Holder as set forth in this Warrant against impairment. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Company will (a) not increase the par value of any Warrant Shares above the amount payable therefor upon such exercise immediately prior to such increase in par value, (b) take all such action as may be necessary or appropriate in order that the Company may validly and legally issue fully paid and nonassessable

7

Warrant Shares upon the exercise of this Warrant, and (c) use commercially reasonable efforts to obtain all such authorizations, exemptions or consents from any public regulatory body having jurisdiction thereof as may be necessary to enable the Company to perform its obligations under this Warrant.

Before taking any action which would result in an adjustment in the number of Warrant Shares for which this Warrant is exercisable or in the Exercise Price, the Company shall obtain all such authorizations or exemptions thereof, or consents thereto, as may be necessary from any public regulatory body or bodies having jurisdiction thereof.

17. Miscellaneous.

(a) Jurisdiction. This Warrant shall constitute a contract under the laws of Oregon, without regard to its conflict of law, principles or rules.

(b) Nonwaiver and Expenses. No course of dealing or any delay or failure to exercise any right hereunder on the part of Holder shall operate as a waiver of such right or otherwise prejudice Holder's rights, powers or remedies, notwithstanding all rights hereunder terminate on the Termination Date. If the Company willfully and knowingly fails to comply with any provision of this Warrant, which results in any material damages to the Holder, the Company shall pay to Holder such amounts as shall be sufficient to cover any costs and expenses including, but not limited to, reasonable attorneys' fees, including those of appellate proceedings, incurred by Holder in collecting any amounts due pursuant hereto or in otherwise enforcing any of its rights, powers or remedies hereunder.

(c) Notices. Any and all notices or other communications or deliveries required or permitted to be provided hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed given and effective on the earliest of (i) the date of transmission, if such notice or communication is delivered via facsimile at the facsimile number specified on the signature pages attached hereto prior to 6:30 p.m. (New York City time) on a Trading Day, (ii) the next Trading Day after the date of transmission, if such notice or communication is delivered via facsimile at the facsimile number on the signature pages attached hereto on a day that is not a Trading Day or later than 6:30 p.m. (New York City time) on any Trading Day, (iii) the Trading Day following the date of mailing, if sent by U.S. nationally recognized overnight courier service, or (iv) upon actual receipt by the party to whom such notice is required to be given. The address for such notices and communications shall be as set forth on the signature pages attached hereto or to the Purchase Agreement pursuant to which this Warrant was purchased.

(d) Limitation of Liability. No provision hereof, in the absence of any affirmative action by Holder to exercise this Warrant or purchase Warrant Shares, and no enumeration herein of the rights or privileges of Holder, shall give rise to any liability of Holder for the purchase price of any Common Stock or as a stockholder of the Company, whether such liability is asserted by the Company or by creditors of the Company.

8

(e) Remedies. Holder, in addition to being entitled to exercise all rights granted by law, including recovery of damages, will be entitled to specific performance of its rights under this Warrant. The Company agrees that monetary damages would not be adequate compensation for any loss incurred by reason of a breach by it of the provisions of this Warrant and hereby agrees to waive the defense in any action for specific performance that a remedy at law would be adequate.

(f) Successors and Assigns. Subject to applicable securities laws, this Warrant and the rights and obligations evidenced hereby shall inure to the benefit of and be binding upon the successors of the Company and the successors and permitted assigns of

Holder. The provisions of this Warrant are intended to be for the benefit of all Holders from time to time of this Warrant and shall be enforceable by any such Holder or holder of Warrant Shares.

(g) Amendment. This Warrant may be modified or amended or the provisions hereof waived with the written consent of the Company and the Holder.

(h) Severability. Wherever possible, each provision of this Warrant shall be interpreted in such manner as to be effective and valid under applicable law, but if any provision of this Warrant shall be prohibited by or invalid under applicable law, such provision shall be ineffective to the extent of such prohibition or invalidity, without invalidating the remainder of such provisions or the remaining provisions of this Warrant.

(i) Headings. The headings used in this Warrant are for the convenience of reference only and shall not, for any purpose, be deemed a part of this Warrant.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Company has caused this Warrant to be executed by its officer thereunto duly authorized.

Dated: November 14, 2005

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.

By: _____
Name: Alan P. Timmins
Title: President and Chief Operating Officer

NOTICE OF EXERCISE

To: AVI BioPharma, Inc.

(1) The undersigned hereby elects to purchase 485,920 Warrant Shares of AVI BioPharma, Inc. pursuant to the terms of the attached Warrant (only if exercised in full), and tenders herewith payment of the exercise price in full, together with all applicable transfer taxes, if any.

(2) Payment shall take the form of (check applicable box):

in lawful money of the United States; or

if permitted pursuant to subsection 3(d) of the Warrant, by the cancellation of such number of Warrant Shares as is necessary, in accordance with the formula set forth in subsection 3(d), to exercise this Warrant with respect to the maximum number of Warrant Shares purchasable pursuant to the cashless exercise procedure set forth in subsection 3(d).

(3) Please issue a certificate or certificates representing said Warrant Shares in the name of the undersigned or in such other name as is specified below:

Rodman & Renshaw, LLC

The Warrant Shares shall be delivered to the following:

Rodman & Renshaw, LLC
Attn: Noam Rubinstein
330 Madison Avenue, 27th Floor
New York, NY 10017

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Dated: _____

ASSIGNMENT FORM

(To assign the foregoing warrant, execute this form and supply required information. Do not use this form to exercise the warrant.)

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the foregoing Warrant and all rights evidenced thereby are hereby assigned to _____, whose address is _____

Dated: _____,

Holder's Signature: _____

Holder's Address: _____

Signature Guaranteed: _____

NOTE: The signature to this Assignment Form must correspond with the name as it appears on the face of the Warrant, without alteration or enlargement or any change whatsoever, and must be guaranteed by a bank or trust company. Officers of corporations and those acting in a fiduciary or other representative capacity should file proper evidence of authority to assign the foregoing Warrant.

STOCK PURCHASE AGREEMENT

This agreement is dated November , 2005 between the purchaser identified on the signature page hereto (“**Purchaser**”), and AVI BioPharma, Inc., a corporation incorporated in the State of Oregon (the “**Company**”), whereby the parties agree as follows:

The Purchaser shall buy and the Company agrees to sell shares (“**Shares**”) of the Company’s Common Stock (the “**Common Stock**”) at a price of \$ per share for a total amount of \$. The Purchaser shall also receive a warrant, in the form of Exhibit A attached hereto, to purchase up to a number of shares equal to % of the Shares (or Warrant Shares), an exercise price equal to \$ and a term of exercise equal to years, with the initial exercise date being [six months] from the date of purchase (the “**Warrant**”). The Shares, the Warrant and the Warrant Shares (collectively, the “**Securities**”) have been registered on a registration statement on Form S-3, File No. 333-109015 (the “**Registration Statement**”), which has been declared effective by the Securities and Exchange Commission, and remains effective as of the date hereof. A final Prospectus Supplement will be delivered promptly after funding. The Shares and Warrants are free of restrictive legends and are free of any resale restrictions, and upon exercise of the Warrants, the Warrant Shares will be free of restrictive legends will be free of any resale restrictions.

The Purchaser represents and warrants to the Company:

- (a) The Purchaser is a corporation or other legal entity duly organized, validly existing and in good standing under the laws of the jurisdiction set forth on the signature pages attached hereto.
- (b) The Purchaser has the requisite corporate (or other entity) power and authority to enter into and perform this Agreement and to purchase the Shares in accordance with the terms hereof.
- (c) In making its investment decision in this offering, the Purchaser and its advisors, if any, have relied solely on the Company’s public filings as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
- (d) The Purchaser is purchasing the Shares and Warrant for its own account as principal, and not with a view towards distribution of such securities.
- (e) The Purchaser is not a registered broker-dealer.
- (f) The Purchaser has not directly or indirectly, nor has any Person acting on behalf of or pursuant to any understanding with such Purchaser, executed any Short Sales in the securities of the Company (as defined in Rule 200 of Regulation SHO) since 9 P.M. (New York Time) on November , 2005 which

was the time that such Purchaser was first contacted regarding an investment in the Company (“Discussion Time”) through the date hereof.

The Purchaser shall wire the purchase amount to the Company to the account set forth below.

Company Wire Transfer Instructions:

AVI BioPharma, Inc.
 4575 SW Research Way, Suite 200
 Corvallis, OR 97333
 Account # 153591259962
 US Bank
 1607 Main Street
 Vancouver, WA 98660-2975
 US Bank contact: Erik Bjorvik (503) 275-5879
 Transmit No. 125000105
 Reference: [FUND NAME]

The Company shall cause its transfer agent to transmit the Shares electronically to the Purchaser by crediting the account set forth below through the Deposit Withdrawal Agent Commission (“**DWAC**”) system and shall deliver the Warrant to the Purchaser within 3 business days of receipt of the funds at the address set forth below. The Purchaser’s DWAC instructions are set forth on the signature pages hereto.

The Company hereby makes the following representations and warranties, agreements and covenants to and with the Purchaser:

- (a) Authorization; Enforcement; No Conflicts. The Company has the requisite corporate power and authority to enter into and to consummate the transactions contemplated by each of the Transaction Documents and otherwise to carry out its obligations hereunder and thereunder. The execution and delivery of each of the Transaction Documents by the Company and the consummation by it of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby have been duly authorized by all necessary action on the part of the Company and no further consent or action is required by the Company, its Board of Directors or its stockholders. Each of the Transaction Documents has been (or upon delivery will be) duly executed by the Company and is, or when delivered in accordance with the terms hereof, will constitute, the valid and binding obligation of the Company enforceable against the Company in accordance with its terms. The execution, delivery and performance of the Transaction Documents by the Company and the consummation by the Company of the transactions contemplated hereby and thereby do not and will not: (i) conflict with or violate any provision of the Company’s or any subsidiary’s certificate or articles of incorporation, bylaws or other organizational or charter documents, or (ii) subject to obtaining the

Required Approvals (as defined below), conflict with, or constitute a default (or an event that with notice or lapse of time or both would become a default) under, or give to others any rights of termination, amendment, acceleration or cancellation (with or without notice, lapse of time or both) of, any agreement, credit facility, debt or other instrument (evidencing a Company or subsidiary debt or otherwise) or other understanding to which the Company or any subsidiary is a party or by which any property or asset of the Company or any subsidiary is bound or affected, or (iii) result in a violation of any law, rule, regulation, order, judgment, injunction, decree or other restriction of any court or governmental authority to which the Company or a subsidiary is subject (including federal and state securities laws and regulations), or by which any property or asset of the Company or a subsidiary is bound or affected; except in the case of each of clauses (ii) and (iii), such as could not, individually or in the aggregate: (i) adversely affect the legality, validity or enforceability of this Agreement, the Warrant, and any other documents or agreements executed in connection with the transactions contemplated hereunder (the “**Transaction Documents**”), (ii) have or result in a material adverse effect on the results of operations, assets, business or financial condition of the Company and the subsidiaries, taken as a whole, or (iii) adversely impair the Company’s ability to perform fully on a timely basis its obligations under any of the Transaction Documents (any of (i), (ii) or (iii), a “**Material Adverse Effect**”).

(b) Filings, Consents and Approvals; Issuance of Securities. Neither the Company nor any subsidiary is required to obtain any consent, waiver, authorization or order of, give any notice to, or make any filing or registration with, any court or other federal, state, local or other governmental authority or other Person in connection with the execution, delivery and performance by the Company of the Transaction Documents, other than (i) the filings of a Form 8-K disclosing the transaction contemplated hereby, (ii) the filing with the SEC of the prospectus supplement required by the Registration Statement pursuant to Rule 424(b) under the Securities Act of 1933 Act, as amended (the “**1933 Act**”) (the “**Prospectus Supplement**”) supplementing the base prospectus forming part of the Registration Statement (the “**Prospectus**”), (iii) the application(s) to The Nasdaq National Market (the “**Principal Market**”) for the listing of the Purchased Shares and the Warrant Shares for trading thereon in the time and manner required thereby, and (iv) applicable Blue Sky filings (collectively, the “**Required Approvals**”). “**Person**” means an individual or corporation, partnership, trust, incorporated or unincorporated association, joint venture, limited liability company, joint stock company, government (or an agency or subdivision thereof) or other entity of any kind. The Securities are duly authorized and, when issued and paid for in accordance with the applicable Transaction Documents, will be duly and validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable, free and clear of all Liens. The Company has reserved from its duly authorized capital stock a sufficient number of Warrant Shares to enable it to comply with its exercise obligations under the Warrants. The issuance by the Company of the Securities has been registered under the 1933 Act and all of the Securities are freely transferable and tradable by the Purchaser without restriction.

3

The Shares and Warrants are being issued pursuant to the Registration Statement and the issuance of the Shares, the Warrants and the Warrant Shares has been registered by the Company under the 1933 Act. The Registration Statement is effective and available for the issuance of the Securities thereunder and the Company has not received any notice that the SEC has issued or intends to issue a stop-order with respect to the Registration Statement or that the SEC otherwise has suspended or withdrawn the effectiveness of the Registration Statement, either temporarily or permanently, or intends or has threatened in writing to do so. The “Plan of Distribution” section under the Registration Statement permits the issuance and sale of the Securities hereunder and under the Warrants. Upon receipt of the Securities, the Purchaser will have good and marketable title to such Securities and the Shares and, upon exercise of the Warrants, the Warrant Shares will be freely tradable on the Principal Market. Neither the Company, nor any of its Affiliates, nor any Person acting on its or their behalf has, directly or indirectly, made any offers or sales of any security or solicited any offers to buy any security, under circumstances that would cause this offering of the Securities to be integrated with prior offerings by the Company for purposes of any applicable stockholder approval provisions, including, without limitation, under the rules and regulations of any exchange or automated quotation system on which any of the securities of the Company are listed or designated, nor will the Company or any of its subsidiaries take any action or steps that would cause the offering of the Securities to be integrated with other offerings. Except as disclosed in the SEC Reports, the Company has not, in the 12 months preceding the date hereof, received notice from the Principal Market on which the Common Stock is or has been listed or quoted to the effect that the Company is not in compliance with the listing or maintenance requirements of the Principal Market. The Company is, and has no reason to believe that it will not in the foreseeable future continue to be, in compliance with all such listing and maintenance requirements. The issuance and sale of the Securities hereunder does not contravene the rules and regulations of the Principal Market and no stockholder approval is required for the Company to fulfill its obligations under the Transaction Documents. The Common Stock is currently listed on the Principal Market.

(c) SEC Reports; Financial Statements. The Company has filed all reports required to be filed by it under the 1933 Act and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “**1934 Act**”), including pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) thereof, for the two (2) years preceding the date hereof (the foregoing materials being collectively referred to herein as the “**SEC Reports**”) on a timely basis or has received a valid extension of such time of filing and has filed any such SEC Reports prior to the expiration of any such extension. As of their respective dates, the SEC Reports complied in all material respects with the requirements of the 1933 Act and the 1934 Act and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder, and none of the SEC Reports, when filed, contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

4

The Registration Statement and any prospectus included therein, including the Prospectus and the Prospectus Supplement, complied in all material respects with the requirements of the 1933 Act and the 1934 Act and the rules and regulations of the SEC promulgated thereunder, and none of such Registration Statement or any such prospectus, including the Prospectus and the Prospectus Supplement, contain or contained any untrue statement of a material fact or omitted to state a material fact required to be stated therein or necessary in order to make the statements therein, in the case of any prospectus in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading. The Company is in compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, and the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder by all government and regulatory authorities and agencies. The financial statements of the Company included in the SEC Reports comply in all material respects with applicable accounting requirements and the rules and regulations of the SEC with respect thereto as in effect at the time of filing. Such financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles applied on a consistent basis during the periods involved (“**GAAP**”), except as may be otherwise specified in such financial statements or the notes thereto, and fairly present in all material respects the financial position of the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries as of and for the dates thereof and the results of operations and cash flows for the periods then ended, subject, in the case of unaudited statements, to normal, immaterial, year-end audit adjustments.

(d) Material Changes. Since the date of the latest audited financial statements included within the SEC Reports, except as specifically disclosed in the SEC Reports: (i) there has been no event, occurrence or development that, individually or in the aggregate, has had or that could result in a Material Adverse Effect, (ii) the Company has not incurred any liabilities (contingent or otherwise) other than (A) trade payables and accrued expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business consistent with past practice and (B) liabilities not required to be reflected in the Company's financial statements pursuant to GAAP or required to be disclosed in filings made with the SEC, (iii) the Company has not altered its method of accounting or the identity of its auditors, (iv) the Company has not declared or made any dividend or distribution of cash or other property to its stockholders or purchased, redeemed or made any agreements to purchase or redeem any shares of its capital stock, and (v) the Company has not issued any equity securities to any officer, director or Affiliate, except pursuant to existing Company stock option and purchase plans. "**Affiliate**" means any Person that, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, controls or is controlled by or is under common control with a Person, as such terms are used in and construed under Rule 144. "**Rule 144**" means Rule 144 promulgated by the SEC pursuant to the 1933 Act, as such Rule may be amended from time to time, or any similar rule or regulation hereafter adopted by the SEC having substantially the same effect as such Rule.

(e) Disclosure. The Company confirms that neither it nor any other Person acting on its behalf has provided the Purchaser or its agents or counsel

5

with any information that the Company believes constitutes, nonpublic information. The Company understands and confirms that the Purchaser will rely on the foregoing representations in effecting transactions in securities of the Company. All disclosure provided to the Purchaser regarding the Company, its business and the transactions contemplated hereby, furnished by or on behalf of the Company are true and correct and do not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state any material fact necessary in order to make the statements made therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading.

(f) Disclosure of Transactions and Other Material Information. The Company shall, on or before 8:30 a.m., New York City Time, on November , 2005, issue a press release reasonably acceptable to the Purchaser disclosing all material terms of the transactions contemplated hereby and complying with applicable Commission rules. On or before 8:30 a.m., New York City Time, on the first business day following the execution and delivery of this Agreement, the Company shall file a Current Report on Form 8-K describing the terms of the transactions contemplated by the Transaction Documents in the form required by the 1934 Act, and attaching the form of this Agreement and the Warrant as exhibits to such filing (including all attachments, the "**8-K Filing**"). The Company shall not, and shall cause each of its subsidiaries and each of their respective officers, directors, employees and agents, not to, provide the Purchaser with any material, nonpublic information regarding the Company or any of its subsidiaries from and after the filing of the press release referred to in the first sentence of this Section without the express written consent of the Purchaser. Subject to the foregoing, neither the Company nor the Purchaser shall issue any press releases or any other public statements with respect to the transactions contemplated hereby nor shall the Company disclose the name of the Purchaser in any filing, announcement, release or otherwise without the Purchaser's consent; provided, however, that the Company shall be entitled, without the prior approval of the Purchaser, to make any press release or other public disclosure with respect to such transactions (i) in substantial conformity with the 8-K Filing and contemporaneously therewith and (ii) as is required by applicable law and regulations, including the applicable rules and regulations of the Principal Market (provided that in the case of clause (i) the Purchaser shall be consulted by the Company in connection with any such press release or other public disclosure prior to its release).

(g) Additional Issuances of Securities. From the date hereof through , 2006, the Company will not, directly or indirectly, except pursuant to its existing employee and director stock and stock option plans (provided that the Company shall not permit during such period the establishment of any Rule 10b5-1 plan), and the existing direct stock purchase plan, offer, sell, grant any option to purchase, or otherwise dispose of (or announce any offer, sale, grant or any option to purchase or other disposition of) any of its or its subsidiaries' equity or equity equivalent securities, including without limitation any debt, preferred stock or other instrument or security that is, at any time during

6

its life and under any circumstances, convertible into or exchangeable or exercisable for shares of Common Stock or Options or Convertible Securities. "**Options**" means any rights, warrants or options to subscribe for or purchase shares of Common Stock or Convertible Securities. "**Convertible Securities**" means any stock or securities (other than Options) convertible into or exercisable or exchangeable for shares of Common Stock. Further, the Company shall not issue shares of Common Stock or equity equivalent securities if such issuance would require shareholder approval pursuant to Rule 4350 of the NASD Marketplace Rules, unless and until such shareholder approval is obtained.

Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Jury Trial. All questions concerning the construction, validity, enforcement and interpretation of this Agreement shall be governed by the internal laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to any choice of law or conflict of law provision or rule (whether of the State of New York or any other jurisdictions) that would cause the application of the laws of any jurisdictions other than the State of New York. Each party hereby irrevocably submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the state and federal courts sitting in the State of New York for the adjudication of any dispute hereunder or in connection herewith or with any transaction contemplated hereby or discussed herein, and hereby irrevocably waives, and agrees not to assert in any suit, action or proceeding, any claim that it is not personally subject to the jurisdiction of any such court, that such suit, action or proceeding is brought in an inconvenient forum or that the venue of such suit, action or proceeding is improper. Each party hereby irrevocably waives personal service of process and consents to process being served in any such suit, action or proceeding by mailing a copy thereof to such party at the address for such notices to it under this Agreement and agrees that such service shall constitute good and sufficient service of process and notice thereof. Nothing contained herein shall be deemed to limit in any way any right to serve process in any manner permitted by law. **EACH PARTY HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES ANY RIGHT IT MAY HAVE, AND AGREES NOT TO REQUEST, A JURY TRIAL FOR THE ADJUDICATION OF ANY DISPUTE HEREUNDER OR IN CONNECTION WITH OR ARISING OUT OF THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY TRANSACTION CONTEMPLATED HEREBY.**

Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in two or more identical counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same agreement and shall become effective when counterparts have been signed by each party and delivered to the other party; provided that a facsimile signature

shall be considered due execution and shall be binding upon the signatory thereto with the same force and effect as if the signature were an original, not a facsimile signature.

Entire Agreement; Amendments. This Agreement supersedes all other prior oral or written agreements between the Purchaser, the Company, their affiliates and Persons acting on their behalf with respect to the matters discussed herein, and this Agreement and the instruments referenced herein contain the entire understanding of the parties with respect to the matters covered herein and therein and, except as specifically set forth herein or therein, neither the Company nor any Purchaser makes any representation, warranty, covenant or undertaking with respect to such matters. No

7

provision of this Agreement may be amended other than by an instrument in writing signed by the Company and the Purchaser. No provision hereof may be waived other than by an instrument in writing signed by the party against whom enforcement is sought.

Notices. Any notices, consents, waivers or other communications required or permitted to be given under the terms of this Agreement must be in writing and will be deemed to have been delivered: (i) upon receipt, when delivered personally; (ii) upon receipt, when sent by facsimile (provided confirmation of transmission is mechanically or electronically generated and kept on file by the sending party); or (iii) one Business Day after deposit with an overnight courier service, in each case properly addressed to the party to receive the same. The addresses and facsimile numbers for such communications shall be:

If to the Company:

AVI BioPharma, Inc.
One SW Columbia Street
Suite 1105
Portland, Oregon 97258
Phone: (503) 227-0554
Fax: (503) 227-0751
Attention: Alan P. Timmins, President

With a copy to:

Michael C. Phillips
Davis Wright Tremaine LLP
1300 SW 5th Avenue
24th Floor
Portland OR 97201
Tel: (503) 778-5214
Fax: (503) 778-5299

If to the Purchaser, to its address and facsimile number set forth on the signature page.

or to such other address and/or facsimile number and/or to the attention of such other Person as the recipient party has specified by written notice given to each other party five (5) days prior to the effectiveness of such change. Written confirmation of receipt (A) given by the recipient of such notice, consent, waiver or other communication, (B) mechanically or electronically generated by the sender's facsimile machine containing the time, date, recipient facsimile number and an image of the first page of such transmission or (C) provided by an overnight courier service shall be rebuttable evidence of personal service, receipt by facsimile or receipt from an overnight courier service in accordance with clause (i), (ii) or (iii) above, respectively.

8

Successors and Assigns. The Company shall not assign this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the Purchaser, including by merger or consolidation. The Purchaser shall not assign this Agreement or any rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of the Company.

No Third Party Beneficiaries. This Agreement is intended for the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective permitted successors and assigns, and is not for the benefit of, nor may any provision hereof be enforced by, any other Person.

Survival. The representations, warranties, agreements and covenants of the Company and the Purchaser contained herein shall survive the delivery and exercise of Securities, as applicable.

Further Assurances. Each party shall do and perform, or cause to be done and performed, all such further acts and things, and shall execute and deliver all such other agreements, certificates, instruments and documents, as any other party may reasonably request in order to carry out the intent and accomplish the purposes of this Agreement and the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby.

Indemnification.

(a) In consideration of the Purchaser's execution and delivery of the Transaction Documents and acquiring the Securities thereunder and in addition to all of the Company's other obligations under the Transaction Documents, the Company shall defend, protect, indemnify and hold harmless the Purchaser and each of its partners, members, officers, directors, employees and direct or indirect investors and any of the foregoing Persons' agents or other representatives (including, without limitation, those retained in connection with the transactions contemplated by this Agreement) (collectively, the "**Indemnitees**") from and against any and all actions, causes of action, suits, claims, losses, costs, penalties, fees, liabilities and damages, and expenses in connection therewith (irrespective of whether any such Indemnatee is a party to the action for which indemnification hereunder is sought), and including reasonable attorneys' fees and disbursements (the "**Indemnified Liabilities**"), incurred by any

Indemnitee as a result of, or arising out of, or relating to (i) any misrepresentation or breach of any representation or warranty made by the Company in the Transaction Documents or any other certificate, instrument or document contemplated hereby or thereby, (ii) any breach of any covenant, agreement or obligation of the Company contained in the Transaction Documents or any other certificate, instrument or document contemplated hereby or (iii) any cause of action, suit or claim brought or made against such Indemnitee by a non-governmental third party (including for these purposes a derivative action brought on behalf of the Company) and arising out of or resulting from the execution, delivery, performance or enforcement of the Transaction Documents other than as a result of the gross negligence or willful misconduct of the Purchaser. To the extent that the foregoing undertaking by the Company may be unenforceable for any reason, the Company shall make

the maximum contribution to the payment and satisfaction of each of the Indemnified Liabilities which is permissible under applicable law.

(b) Promptly after receipt by an Indemnitee under this Section of notice of the commencement of any action or proceeding (including any governmental action or proceeding) involving an Indemnified Liability, such Indemnitee shall, if a claim for indemnification in respect thereof is to be made against any indemnifying party under this Section, deliver to the indemnifying party a written notice of the commencement thereof, and the indemnifying party shall have the right to participate in, and, to the extent the indemnifying party so desires, jointly with any other indemnifying party similarly noticed, to assume control of the defense thereof with counsel mutually satisfactory to the indemnifying party and the Indemnitee; provided, however, that an Indemnitee shall have the right to retain its own counsel at its own expense. The Indemnitee shall cooperate fully with the indemnifying party in connection with any negotiation or defense of any such action or Indemnified Liabilities by the indemnifying party and shall furnish to the indemnifying party all information reasonably available to the Indemnitee that relates to such action or Indemnified Liabilities. The indemnifying party shall keep the Indemnitee fully apprised at all times as to the status of the defense or any settlement negotiations with respect thereto. No indemnifying party shall be liable for any settlement of any action, claim or proceeding effected without its prior written consent, provided, however, that the indemnifying party shall not unreasonably withhold, delay or condition its consent. No indemnifying party shall, without the prior written consent of the Indemnitee, consent to entry of any judgment or enter into any settlement or other compromise which does not include as an unconditional term thereof the giving by the claimant or plaintiff to such Indemnitee of a release from all liability in respect to such Indemnified Liabilities or litigation. Following indemnification as provided for hereunder, the indemnifying party shall be subrogated to all rights of the Indemnitee with respect to all third parties, firms or corporations relating to the matter for which indemnification has been made. The failure to deliver written notice to the indemnifying party within a reasonable time of the commencement of any such action shall not relieve such indemnifying party of any liability to the Indemnitee under this Section, except to the extent that the indemnifying party is prejudiced in its ability to defend such action.

(c) The indemnification required by this Section shall be made by periodic payments of the amount thereof during the course of the investigation or defense, as and when bills are received or Indemnified Liabilities are incurred.

(d) The indemnity agreements contained herein shall be in addition to (a) any cause of action or similar right of the Indemnitee against the indemnifying party or others, and (b) any liabilities the indemnifying party may be subject to pursuant to the law.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Securities Purchase Agreement to be duly executed by their respective authorized signatories as of the date first indicated above.

AVI BIOPHARMA, INC.

By: _____

Name:
Title:

Name of Purchaser:

Signature of Authorized Signatory of Purchaser:

Name of Authorized Signatory:

Title of Authorized Signatory:

Email Address of Purchaser:

Fax Number of Purchaser:

Place of Incorporation of Purchaser:

Address for Notice of Purchaser:

Address for delivery of Warrant (if different from address for notice):

Purchaser DWAC Instructions:

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

The Board of Directors and Shareholders
AVI BioPharma, Inc.

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the registration statement Nos. 333-86778, 333-105412, 333-10915, 333-68502, 333-45888, 333-93135 and 333-86039 on Forms S-3 and Nos. 333-101826, 333-49996, 333-49994 and 333-34047 on Forms S-8 of AVI BioPharma, Inc. of our report dated March 15, 2006, with respect to the balance sheets of AVI BioPharma, Inc. as of December 31, 2005 and 2004 and the related statements of operations, shareholders' equity and comprehensive income (loss), and cash flows for each of the years in the three-year period ended December 31, 2005, management's assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2005, which reports appear in the December 31, 2005 annual report on Form 10-K of AVI BioPharma, Inc.

/s/ KPMG LLP

Portland, Oregon,
March 15, 2006

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Denis R. Burger, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-K of AVI BioPharma, Inc. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (f) and 15d-15 (f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; and
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 16, 2006

By:

/s/ Denis R. Burger
Denis R. Burger,
Chief Executive Officer and Chairman
of the Board
(Principal Executive Officer)

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Mark M. Webber, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-K of AVI BioPharma, Inc. (the "Registrant");
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15 (f) and 15d-15 (f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared; and
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles; and
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: March 16, 2006

By:

/s/ Mark M. Webber
Mark M. Webber,

**Chief Financial Officer and Chief Information
Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)**

CERTIFICATION OF CEO AND CFO PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of AVI BioPharma, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the period ended December 31, 2005 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Denis R. Burger, as Chief Executive Officer of the Company, and Mark M. Webber, as Chief Financial Officer of the Company, each hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of his knowledge,:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

/s/ Denis R. Burger

Denis R. Burger
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer
AVI BioPharma, Inc.
March 16, 2006

/s/ Mark M. Webber

Mark M. Webber
Chief Financial Officer and Chief Information Officer
AVI BioPharma, Inc.
March 16, 2006

This certification accompanies the Report pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, be deemed filed by the Company for purposes of §18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

See also the certification pursuant to Sec. 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, which is also attached to this Report.
